99TH CONGRESS 2D Session

S. 2575

To amend title 18, United States Code, with respect to the interception of certain communications, other forms of surveillance, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JUNE 19 (legislative day, JUNE 16), 1986

Mr. LEAHY (for himself, Mr. MATHIAS, Mr. THURMOND, Mr. ANDREWS, Mr. STAFFORD, and Mr. DECONCINI) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

SEPTEMBER 27 (legislative day, SEPTEMBER 24), 1986 Reported by Mr. THURMOND, with an amendment Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

OCTOBER 1 (legislative day, SEPTEMBER 24), 1986 Ordered referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation for a period of twenty-four hours

A BILL

- To amend title 18, United States Code, with respect to the interception of certain communications, other forms of surveillance, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be eited as the "Electronic Communica-

5 tions Privacy Act of 1986".

TITLE I-INTERCEPTION OF COMMUNICA-1 TIONS AND RELATED MATTERS $\mathbf{2}$ 3 SEC. 101. FEDERAL PENALTIES FOR THE INTERCEPTION OF 4 **COMMUNICATIONS.** (a) DEFINITIONS. (1) Section 2510(1) of title 18, $\mathbf{5}$ United States Code, is amended-6 7 (A) by striking out "any communication" and in-8 serting "any aural transfer" in lieu thereof; 9 (B) by inserting "(including the use of such connection in a switching station)" after "reception". 10 (C) by striking out "as a common carrier" and 11 12(D) by inserting before the semicolon at the end the following: "or communications affecting interstate 13 14 or foreign commerce, but such term does not include the radio portion of a cordless telephone communica-15 tion that is transmitted between the cordless telephone 16 handset and the base unit". 17(2) Section 2510(2) of title 18, United States Code, is 18 amended by inserting before the semicolon at the end the 19 following: 🚔 but such term does not include any electronic 2021communication". 22(3) Section 2510(4) of title 18, United States Code, is 23amended-(A) by inserting "or other" after "aural"; and $\mathbf{24}$ (B) by inserting ", electronic," after "wire". 25

(4) Section 2510(8) of title 18, United States Code, is 1 amended by striking out "identity of the parties to such com- $\mathbf{2}$ 3 munication or the existence.". (5) Section 2510 of title 18, United States Code, is 4 amended---- $\mathbf{5}$ (A) by striking out "and" at the end of paragraph 6 7 (10);8 (B) by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (11) and inserting a semicolon in lieu thereof; 9 10 and 11 (C) by adding at the end the following: 12"(12) 'electronic communication' means any transfer of signs, signals, writing, images, sounds, data, or 13 14 intelligence of any nature transmitted in whole or in 15part by a wire, radio, electromagnetic, photoelectronic 16or photooptical system that affects interstate or foreign commerce, but does not include---17 "(A) the radio portion of a cordless telephone 18 communication that is transmitted between the 19 20cordless telephone handset and the base unit; "(B) any wire or oral communication; 21"(C) any communication made through a 22tone-only paging device; or 23"(D) any communication from a tracking 24device (as defined in section 3117 of this title); 25

•S 2575 RCS

	1
1	"(13) 'user' means any person or entity who
2	"(A) uses an electronic communication serv-
3	ice; and
4	"(B) is duly authorized by the provider of
5	such service to engage in such use;
6	"(14) 'electronic communications system' means
7	any wire, radio, electromagnetic, photooptical or pho-
8	toelectronic facilities for the transmission of electronic
9	communications, and any computer facilities or related
10	electronic equipment for the electronic storage of such
11	communications;
12	''(15) 'electronic communication service' means
13	any service which provides to users thereof the ability
14	to send or receive wire or electronic communications;
15	"(16) 'readily accessible to the general public'
16	means, with respect to a radio communication, that
17	such communication is not
18	"(A) scrambled or encrypted;
19	"(B) transmitted using modulation techniques
20	whose essential parameters have been withheld
21	from the public with the intention of preserving
22	the privacy of such communication;
23	"(C) carried on a subcarrier or other signal
24	subsidiary to a radio transmission;

•S 2575 RCS

1 "(D) transmitted over a communication system provided by a common carrier, unless the 2 communication is a tone only paging system com-3 4 munication: or "(E) transmitted on frequencies allocated $\mathbf{5}$ 6 under part 25, subpart D, E, or F of part 74, or 7 part 94 of the Rules of the Federal Communica-8 tions Commission, unless, in the case of a commu-9 nication transmitted on a frequency allocated 10 under part 74 that is not exclusively allocated to broadcast auxiliary services, the communication is 11 12 a two-way voice communication by radio; "(17) 'electronic storage' means-13 14 "(A) any temporary, intermediate storage of a wire or electronic communication incidental to 15 the electronic transmission thereof; and 16 "(B) any storage of such communication by 17 an electronic communication service for purposes 18 of backup protection of such communication; and 19 "(18) 'aural transfer' means a transfer containing 20the human voice at any point between and including 21 the point of origin and the point of reception.". 22(b) EXCEPTIONS WITH RESPECT TO ELECTRONIC 2324 Communications.

(1) Section 2511(2)(d) of title 18, United States Code, is
 amended by striking out "or for the purpose of committing
 any other injurious act".

4 (2) Section 2511(2)(f) of title 18, United States Code, is
5 amended—

6 (A) by inserting "or chapter 121" after "this
7 chapter"; and

8 (B) by striking out "by" the second place it ap-9 pears and inserting in lieu thereof ", or foreign intelli-10 gence activities conducted in accordance with other-11 wise applicable Federal law involving a foreign elec-12 tronic communications system, utilizing".

13 (3) Section 2511(2) of title 18, United States Code, is
14 amended by adding at the end the following:

15 <u>"(g) It shall not be unlawful under this chapter or chap-</u>
16 ter 121 of this title for any person—

17 "(i) to intercept or access an electronic communi-18 eation made through an electronic communication 19 system that is configured so that such electronic com-20 munication is readily accessible to the general public; 21 "(ii) to intercept any radio communication which

22 is transmitted—

23 <u>"(I) by any station for the use of the general</u>
24 public, or that relates to ships, aircraft, vehicles,
25 or persons in distress;

	•
1	"(II) by any governmental, law enforcement,
2	eivil defense, or public safety communications
3	system, including police and fire, readily accessi-
4	ble to the general public;
5	"(III) by a station operating on a frequency
6	assigned to the amateur, citizens band, or general
7	mobile radio services; or
8	"(IV) by any marine or acronautical commu-
9	nications system;
10	"(iii) to engage in any conduct which
11	"(I) is prohibited by section 633 of the Com-
12	munications Act of 1934; or
13	"(II) is excepted from the application of see-
14	tion 705(a) of the Communications Act of 1934
15	by section 705(b) of that Act;
16	"(iv) to intercept any wire or electronic communi-
17	eation the transmission of which is eausing harmful in-
18	terference to any lawfully operating station, to the
19	extent necessary to identify the source of such interfer-
20	ence; or
21	"(v) for other users of the same frequency to
22	intercept any radio communication made through a
23	common carrier system that utilizes frequencies moni-
24	tored by individuals engaged in the provision or the

use of such system, if such communication is not
 scrambled encrypted.

3 <u>"(h) It shall not be unlawful under this chapter</u>

4 "(i) to use a pen register (as that term is defined
5 for the purposes of chapter 206 (relating to pen regis6 ters) of this title);

7 "(ii) for a provider of electronic communication 8 service to record the fact that a wire or electronic 9 communication was initiated or completed in order to 10 protect such provider, another provider furnishing serv-11 ice toward the completion of the wire or electronic 12 communication, or a user of that service, from fraudu-13 lent, unlawful or abusive use of such service; or

14 "(iii) to use a device that captures the incoming 15 electronic or other impulses which identify the numbers 16 of an instrument from which a wire communication 17 was transmitted.".

18 (c) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS. (1)
19 Chapter 119 of title 18, United States Code, is amended—

(A) in each of sections 2510(5), 2510(8),
21 2510(9)(b), 2510(11), and 2511 through 2519 (except
22 sections 2516(1) and 2518(10)), by striking out "wire
23 or oral" each place it appears (including in any section
24 heading) and inserting "wire, oral, or electronic" in
25 lieu thereof; and

1 (B) in section 2511(2)(b), by inserting "or elec-2 tronic" after "wire".

3 (2) The heading of chapter 119 of title 18, United States
4 Code, is amended by inserting "AND ELECTRONIC COM5 MUNICATIONS" after "WIRE".

6 (3) The item relating to chapter 119 in the table of 7 chapters at the beginning of part I of title 18 of the United 8 States Code is amended by inserting "and electronic commu-9 nications" after "Wire".

10 (4) Section 2510(5)(a) of title 18, United States Code, is
11 amended by striking out "communications common carrier"
12 and inserting "provider of wire or electronic communication
13 service" in lieu thereof.

14 (5) Section 2511(2)(a)(i) of title 18, United States Code,
15 is amended —

16 (A) by striking out "any communication common
17 carrier" and inserting "a provider of wire or electronic
18 communication service" in lieu thereof;

(B) by striking out "of the carrier of such commu nication" and inserting "of the provider of that serv ice" in lieu thereof; and

22 (C) by striking out ": Provided, That said commu23 nication common carriers" and inserting ", except that
24 a provider of wire communication service to the
25 public" in lieu thereof.

(6) Section 2511(2)(a)(ii) of title 18, United States Code,
 is amended—

3 (A) by striking out "communication common carriers" and inserting "providers of wire or electronic 4 communication service" in lieu thereof; $\mathbf{5}$ 6 (B) by striking out "communication common carri-7 er" each place it appears and inserting "provider of wire or electronic communication service" in lieu 8 9 thereof; and (C) by striking out "if the common carrier" and 10 11 inserting "if such provider" in lieu thereof. 12(7) Section 2512(2)(a) of title 18, United States Code, is 13amended-(A) by striking out "a communications common 14 15 earrier" the first place it appears and inserting "a provider of wire or electronic communication service" in 16lieu thereof; and 17(B) by striking out "a communications common 18earrier" the second place it appears and inserting 19 "such a provider" in lieu thereof; and 20(C) by striking out "communications common car-21rier's business" and inserting "business of providing 22that wire or electronic communication service" in lieu 23thereof. $\mathbf{24}$

1 (8) Section 2518(4) of title 18, United States Code, is 2 amended by striking out "communication common carrier" 3 and inserting "provider of electronic communication service" 4 in lieu thereof.

5 (d) PENALTIES MODIFICATION. (1) Section 2511(1) of 6 title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking out 7 "shall be" and all that follows through "or both" and insert-8 ing in lieu thereof "shall be punished as provided in subsee-9 tion (4)".

(2) Section 2511 of title 18, United States Code, is
amended by adding after the material added by section 102
the following:

13 "(4)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this sub-14 section, whoever violates subsection (1) of this section shall 15 be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than five 16 years, or both.

17 "(b) If the offense is a first offense under paragraph (a) 18 of this subsection and is not for a tortious or illegal purpose 19 or for purposes of direct or indirect commercial advantage or 20 private commercial gain, and the wire or electronic communi-21 cation with respect to which the offense under paragraph (a) 22 is a radio communication, then—

23 <u>"(i) if the communication is not the radio portion</u>
 24 of a cellular telephone communication, the offender

shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more
 than one year, or both; and

3 "(ii) if the communication is the radio portion of a
4 cellular telephone communication, the offender shall be
5 fined not more than \$500 or imprisoned not more than
6 six months, or both.

7 "(e) Conduct otherwise an offense under this subsection 8 that consists of or relates to the interception of a satellite 9 transmission that is not encrypted or scrambled and that is 10 transmitted to a broadcasting station for purposes of retrans-11 mission to the general public is not an offense under this 12 subsection unless the conduct is for the purposes of direct or 13 indirect commercial advantage or private financial gain.".

(e) EXCLUSIVITY OF REMEDIES WITH RESPECT TO
15 ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS. Section 2518(10) of title
16 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the
17 following:

18 "(c) The remedies and sanctions described in this chap-19 ter with respect to the interception of electronic communica-20 tions are the only judicial remedies and sanctions for noncon-21 stitutional violations of this chapter involving such communi-22 cations.".

23 SEC. 102. REQUIREMENTS FOR CERTAIN DISCLOSURES.

24 Section 2511 of title 18, United States Code, is amend-25 ed by adding at the end the following:

"(3)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B) of this 1 paragraph, a person or entity providing an electronic commu- $\mathbf{2}$ nication service to the public shall not willfully divulge the 3 contents of any communication (other than one to such 4 person or entity, or an agent thereof) while in transmission 5 on that service to any person or entity other than an address-6 ee or intended recipient of such communication or an agent of 7 such addressee or intended recipient. 8

"(B) A person or entity providing electronic communica-9 tion service to the public may divulge the contents of any 10 11 such communication-

12"(i) as otherwise authorized in section 2511(2)(a) or 2517 of this title; 13

"(ii) with the lawful consent of the originator or 14 any addressee or intended recipient of such communi-1516 eation;

"(iii) to a person employed or authorized, or 17 whose facilities are used, to forward such communica-18 tion to its destination; or 19

"(iv) which were inadvertently obtained by the 20service provider and which appear to pertain to the 21commission of a crime, if such divulgence is made to a 22law enforcement agency.". 23

1 SEC. 103. RECOVERY OF CIVIL DAMAGES. Section 2520 of title 18, United States Code, is amend- $\mathbf{2}$ 3 ed to read as follows: 4 "§ 2520. Recovery of civil damages authorized $\mathbf{5}$ "(a) IN GENERAL. Any person whose wire, oral, or 6 electronic communication is intercepted, disclosed, or willfully used in violation of this chapter may in a civil action re-7 8 eover from the person or entity which engaged in that violation such relief as may be appropriate. 9 "(b) RELIEF.—In an action under this section, appro-10 priate relief includes 11 12"(1) such preliminary and other equitable or de-13 elaratory relief as may be appropriate; 14 "(2) damages under subsection (c) and punitive damages in appropriate cases; and 15 "(3) a reasonable attorney's fee and other litiga-16 17 tion costs reasonably incurred. "(c) COMPUTATION OF DAMAGES. The court may 18 assess as damages in an action under this section whichever 19 20is the greater of— 21"(1) the sum of the actual damages suffered by 22the plaintiff and any profits made by the violator as a 23result of the violation: or 24 "(2) statutory damages of whichever is the greater of \$100 a day for each day of violation or \$10,000. 25"(d) DEFENSE. A good faith reliance on- $\mathbf{26}$

•S 2575 RCS

"(1) a court warrant or order, a grand jury sub poena, a legislative authorization, or a statutory
 authorization;

4 "(2) a request of an investigative or law enforce 5 ment officer under section 2518(7) of this title; or

6 "(3) a good faith determination that section 7 2511(3) of this title permitted the conduct complained 8 of;

9 is a complete defense against any civil or criminal action 10 brought under this chapter or any other provision of law. 11 "(c) LIMITATION.—A civil action under this section 12 may not be commenced later than two years after the date 13 upon which the claimant first has a reasonable opportunity to 14 discover the violation.".

 15
 SEC. 104. CERTAIN APPROVALS BY JUSTICE DEPARTMENT

 16
 OFFICIALS.

17 Section 2516(1) of title 18 of the United States Code is 18 amended by striking out "or any Assistant Attorney Gener-19 al" and inserting in lieu thereof "any Assistant Attorney 20 General, any acting Assistant Attorney General, or any 21 Deputy Assistant Attorney General in the Criminal 22 Division".

1	SEC. 105. ADDITION OF OFFENSES TO CRIMES FOR WHICH
2	INTERCEPTION IS AUTHORIZED.
3	(a) WIRE AND ORAL INTERCEPTIONS. Section
4	2516(1) of title 18 of the United States Code is amended—
5	(1) in paragraph (e)
6	(A) by inserting "section 751 (relating to
7	escape)," after "wagering information),";
8	(B) by striking out "2314" and inserting
9	"2312, 2313, 2314," in lieu thereof;
10	(C) by inserting "the second section 2320
11	(relating to trafficking in certain motor vehicles or
12	motor vehicle parts), section 1203 (relating to
13	hostage taking), section 1029 (relating to fraud
14	and related activity in connection with access de-
15	vices), section 3146 (relating to penalty for failure
16	to appear), section 3521(b)(3) (relating to witness
17	relocation and assistance), section 32 (relating to
18	destruction of aircraft or aircraft facilities)," after
19	"stolen property),";
20	(D) by inserting "section 1952A (relating to
21	use of interstate commerce facilities in the com-
22	mission of murder for hire), section 1952B (relat-
23	ing to violent erimes in aid of racketeering activi-
24	ty)," after "1952 (interstate and foreign travel or
25	transportation in aid of racketeering enter-
26	prises),"; and

(E) by inserting "; section 115 (relating to
threatening or retaliating against a Federal offi-
eial), the section in chapter 65 relating to destruc-
tion of an energy facility, and section 1341 (relat-
ing to mail fraud)," after "section 1963 (violations
with respect to racketeer influenced and corrupt
organizations)'';
(2) by striking out "or" at the end of paragraph
(g);
(3) by inserting after paragraph (g) the following:
"(h) any felony violation of sections 2511 and
2512 (relating to interception and disclosure of certain
communications and to certain intercepting devices) of
this title;
"(i) the location of any fugitive from justice from
an offense described in this section; or"; and
(4) by redesignating paragraph (h) as paragraph

(j). (b) INTERCEPTION OF ELECTRONIC COMMUNICA-

TIONS .- Section 2516 of title 18 of the United States Code is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(3) Any attorney for the Government (as such term is $\mathbf{22}$ defined for the purposes of the Federal Rules of Criminal $\mathbf{23}$ 24 Procedure) may authorize an application to a Federal judge 25 of competent jurisdiction for, and such judge may grant, in

 $\mathbf{2}$

conformity with section 2518 of this title, an order authoriz ing or approving the interception of electronic communica tions by an investigative or law enforcement officer having
 responsibility for the investigation of the offense as to which
 the application is made, when such interception may provide
 or has provided evidence of any Federal felony.".

7 SEC. 106. APPLICATIONS, ORDERS, AND IMPLEMENTATION OF 8 ORDERS.

9 (a) PLACE OF AUTHORIZED INTERCEPTION. Section 10 2518(3) of title 18 of the United States Code is amended by 11 inserting "(and outside that jurisdiction but within the United 12 States in the case of a mobile interception device authorized 13 by a Federal court within such jurisdiction)" after "within 14 the territorial jurisdiction of the court in which the judge is 15 sitting".

16 (b) REIMBURSEMENT FOR ASSISTANCE. Section 17 2518(4) of title 18 of the United States Code is amended by 18 striking out "at the prevailing rates" and inserting in lieu 19 thereof "for reasonable expenses incurred in providing such 20 facilities or assistance".

(c) COMMENCEMENT OF THERTY-DAY PERIOD AND
22 POSTPONEMENT OF MINIMIZATION.—Section 2518(5) of
23 title 18 of the United States Code is amended—

24 (1) by inserting after the first sentence the follow 25 ing: "Such thirty-day period begins on the earlier of

the day on which the investigative or law enforcement officer first begins to conduct an interception under the order or ten days after the order is entered."; and

4 (2) by adding at the end the following: "In the event the intercepted communication is in a code or 56 foreign language, and an expert in that foreign lan-7 guage or code is not reasonably available during the 8 interception period, minimization may be accomplished 9 as soon as practicable after such interception. An interception under this chapter may be conducted in whole 10 11 or in part by Government personnel, or by an individ-12ual operating under a contract with the Government, acting under the supervision of an investigative or law 13 14enforcement officer authorized to conduct the interception.". 15

(d) ALTERNATIVE TO DESIGNATING SPECIFIC FACILITHES FROM WIHCH COMMUNICATIONS ARE TO BE INTERCEPTED. (1) Section 2518(1)(b)(ii) of title 18 of the United
States Code is amended by inserting "except as provided in
subsection (11)," before "a particular description".

(2) Section 2518(3)(d) of title 18 of the United States
Code is amended by inserting "except as provided in subsection (11)," before "there is".

24 (3) Section 2518 of title 18 of the United States Code is
25 amended by adding at the end the following:

●S 2575 RCS

1

 $\mathbf{2}$

1 "(11) The requirements of subsections (1)(b)(ii) and $\mathbf{2}$ (3)(d) of this section relating to the specification of the facilities from which, or the place where, the communication is to 3 be intercepted do not apply if-4 5 $\frac{}{}$ (i) in the case of an application with respect to 6 the interception of an oral communication---7 "(I) the application is by a Federal investiga-8 tive or law enforcement officer and is approved by 9 the Attorney General, the Deputy Attorney General, the Associate Attorney General, an Assist-10 ant Attorney General, or an acting Assistant At-11 12torney General; 13 "(II) the application contains a full and complete statement as to why such specification is not 14 15practical and identifies the person committing the offense and whose communications are to be 16 17intercepted; and "(III) the judge finds that such specification 18 19 is not practical; and "(ii) in the case of an application with respect to a 20wire or electronic communication-21 "(I) the application is by a Federal investiga-22tive or law enforcement officer and is approved by 23the Attorney General, the Deputy Attorney Gen-24 25eral, the Associate Attorney General, an Assist-

ant Attorney General, or an acting Assistant At-1 2 torney General; 3 "(II) the application identifies the person be-4 lieved to be committing the offense and whose 5 communications are to be intercepted and the ap-6 plicant makes a showing of a purpose, on the part 7 of that person, to thwart interception by changing 8 facilities; and "(III) the judge finds that such purpose has 9 10 been adequately shown. "(12) An interception of a communication under an 11 order with respect to which the requirements of subsections 1213 (1)(b)(ii) and (3)(d) of this section do not apply by reason of 14 subsection (11) shall not begin until the facilities from which, 15 or the place where, the communication is to be intercepted is ascertained by the person implementing the interception 16 order.". 17 (4) Section 2519(1)(b) of title 18, United States Code, is 18 amended by inserting "(including whether or not the order 19 20 was an order with respect to which the requirements of see-

21 tions 2518(1)(b)(ii) and 2518(3)(d) of this title did not apply
22 by reason of section 2518(11) of this title)" after "applied
23 for":

1 SEC. 107. INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES.

2 (a) IN GENERAL.---Nothing in this Act or the amend3 ments made by this Act constitutes authority for the conduct
4 of any intelligence activity.

5 (b) CERTAIN ACTIVITIES UNDER PROCEDURES AP-6 PROVED BY THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.—Nothing in chapter 7 119 or chapter 121 of title 18, United States Code, shall 8 affect the conduct, by officers or employees of the United 9 States Government in accordance with other applicable Fed-10 eral law, under procedures approved by the Attorney Gener-11 al of activities intended to—

12 (1) intercept encrypted or other official communi 13 cations of United States executive branch entities or
 14 United States Government contractors for communica 15 tions security purposes;

16 (2) intercept radio communications transmitted be 17 tween or among foreign powers or agents of a foreign
 18 power as defined by the Foreign Intelligence Surveil 19 lance Act of 1978; or

20 (3) access an electronic communication system
21 used exclusively by a foreign power or agent of a for22 eign power as defined by the Foreign Intelligence Sur23 veillance Act of 1978.

24 SEC. 108. MOBILE TRACKING DEVICES.

25 (a) IN GENERAL. -- Chapter 205 of title 18, United
26 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:
• \$ 2575 RCS

23

1 <u>"\$ 3117. Mobile tracking devices</u>

2 "(a) IN GENERAL.—If a court is empowered to issue a 3 warrant or other order for the installation of a mobile track-4 ing device, such order may authorize the use of that device 5 within the jurisdiction of the court, and outside that jurisdic-6 tion if the device is installed in that jurisdiction.

7 "(b) DEFINITION.—As used in this section, the term 8 'tracking device' means an electronic or mechanical device 9 which permits the tracking of the movement of a person or 10 object.".

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents at
the beginning of chapter 205 of title 18, United States Code,
is amended by adding at the end the following:
<u>"8117. Mobile tracking devices."</u>.

14 SEC. 109. WARNING SUBJECT OF SURVEILLANCE.

15 Section 2232 of title 18, United States Code, is
16 amended—

17 (1) by inserting "(a) PHYSICAL INTERFERENCE
18 WITH SEARCH.—" before "Whoever" the first place
19 it appears;

20 (2) by inserting "(b) NOTIOE OF SEARCH. "
 21 before "Whoever" the second place it appears; and
 22 (3) by adding at the end the following:

23 "(c) NOTIOE OF CERTAIN ELECTRONIC SURVEIL24 LANCE.—Whoever, having knowledge that a Federal investi25 gative or law enforcement officer has been authorized or has

applied for authorization under chapter 119 to intercept a
 wire, oral, or electronic communication, in order to obstruct,
 impede, or prevent such interception, gives notice or at tempts to give notice of the possible interception to any
 person shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more
 than five years, or both.

Whoever, having knowledge that a Federal officer has been authorized or has applied for authorization to conduct electronic surveillance under the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act (50 U.S.C. 1801, et seq.), in order to obstruct, impede, or prevent such activity, gives notice or attempts to give notice of the possible activity to any person shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than five years, or both.".

15 SEC. 110. INJUNCTIVE REMEDY.

16 (a) IN GENERAL. Chapter 119 of title 18, United
17 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:
18 "§ 2521. Injunction against illegal interception

19 "Whenever it shall appear that any person is engaged 20 or is about to engage in any act which constitutes or will 21 constitute a felony violation of this chapter, the Attorney 22 General may initiate a civil action in a district court of the 23 United States to enjoin such violation. The court shall pro-24 ceed as soon as practicable to the hearing and determination 25 of such an action, and may, at any time before final determi-

1 nation, enter such a restraining order or prohibition, or take such other action, as is warranted to prevent a continuing 2 and substantial injury to the United States or to any person 3 or class of persons for whose protection the action is brought. 4 A proceeding under this section is governed by the Federal $\mathbf{5}$ Rules of Civil Procedure, except that, if an indictment has 6 been returned against the respondent, discovery is governed 7 8 by the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.".

- 9 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at 10 the beginning of chapter 119 of title 18, United States Code,
- 11 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "2521. Injunction against illegal interception.".
- 12 SEC. 111. EFFECTIVE DATE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection (b),
this title and the amendments made by this title shall take
effect 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and
shall, in the case of conduct pursuant to a court order or
extension, apply only with respect to court orders or extensions made after this title takes effect.

19 (b) SPECIAL RULE FOR STATE AUTHORIZATIONS OF 20 INTERCEPTIONS.—Any interception pursuant to section 21 2516(2) of title 18 of the United States Code which would be 22 valid and lawful without regard to the amendments made by 23 this title shall be valid and lawful notwithstanding such 24 amendments if such interception occurs during the period be-

ginning on the date such amendments take effect and ending
 on the earlier of _____

3 (1) the day before the date of the taking effect of
4 State law conforming the applicable State statute with
5 chapter 119 of title 18, United States Code, as so
6 amended; or

7 (2) the date two years after the date of the enact8 ment of this Act.

9 TITLE II-STORED WIRE AND ELECTRONIC

10 COMMUNICATIONS AND TRANSACTION-

- 11 AL RECORDS ACCESS
- 12 SEC. 201. TITLE 18 AMENDMENT.
- 13 Title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting
- 14 after chapter 119 the following:
- 15 "CHAPTER 121-STORED WIRE AND ELECTRONIC

16 COMMUNICATIONS AND TRANSACTIONAL

17 **RECORDS** ACCESS

"See.

⁴⁴2701. Unlawful access to stored communications.
⁴⁴2702. Disclosure of contents.
⁴⁴2703. Requirements for governmental access.
⁴⁴2704. Backup preservation.
⁴⁴2705. Delayed notice.
⁴⁴2706. Cost reimbursement.
⁴⁴2707. Civil action.
⁴⁴2708. Exclusivity of remedies.
⁴⁴2709. Counterintelligence access to telephone toll and transactional records.
⁴⁴2710. Definitions.

18 "§ 2701. Unlawful access to stored communications

19 "(a) OFFENSE.—Except as provided in subsection (c) of

20 this section whoever-

•S 2575 RCS

1	"(1) intentionally accesses without authorization a
2	facility through which an electronic communication
3	service is provided; or
4	"(2) intentionally exceeds an authorization to
5	access that facility;
6	and thereby obtains, alters, or prevents authorized access to
7	a wire or electronic communication while it is in electronic
8	storage in such system shall be punished as provided in sub-
9	section (b) of this section.
10	"(b) PUNISHMENTThe punishment for an offense
11	under subsection (a) of this section is
12	"(1) if the offense is committed for purposes of
13	commercial advantage, malicious destruction or
14	damage, or private commercial gain
15	"(A) a fine of not more than \$250,000 or
16	imprisonment for not more than one year, or both,
17	in the case of a first offense under this subpara-
18	graph; and
19	"(B) a fine under this title or imprisonment
20	for not more than two years, or both, for any sub-
21	sequent offense under this subparagraph; and
22	"(2) a fine of not more than \$5,000 or imprison-
23	ment for not more than six months, or both, in any
24	other case.

•S 2575 RCS

"(c) EXCEPTIONS.—Subsection (a) of this section does
 not apply with respect to conduct authorized—

3 <u>"(1) by the person or entity providing a wire or</u>
4 electronic communications service;

5 "(2) by a user of that service with respect to a
6 communication of or intended for that user; or

7 $\frac{\text{``(3)} \text{ in section } 2703 \text{ or } 2704 \text{ of this title.}}{2703 \text{ or } 2704 \text{ of this title.}}$

8 <u>"§ 2702.</u> Disclosure of contents

9 <u>"(a) PROIHBITIONS.—Except as provided in subsection</u> 10 (b)—

11 "(1) a person or entity providing an electronie 12 communication service to the public shall not knowing-13 ly divulge to any person or entity the contents of a 14 communication while in electronic storage by that serv-15 ice; and

16 "(2) a person or entity providing remote comput-17ing service to the public shall not knowingly divulge to 18 any person or entity the contents of any communication which is carried or maintained on that service-19 20"(A) on behalf of, and received by means of electronic transmission from (or created by means 2122of computer processing of communications received by means of electronic transmission from), 23a subscriber or customer of such service; and 24

 $\mathbf{28}$

"(B) solely for the purpose of providing stor-1 $\mathbf{2}$ age or computer processing services to such sub-3 scriber or customer, if the provider is not author-4 ized to access the contents of any such communi-5eations for purposes of providing any services other than storage or computer processing. 6 "(b) EXCEPTIONS.--- A person or entity may divulge the 7 contents of a communication-8 9 "(1) to an addressee or intended recipient of such communication or an agent of such addressee or in-10 tended recipient; 11 12 "(2) as otherwise authorized in section 2516, 13 2511(2)(a), or 2703 of this title; "(3) with the lawful consent of the originator or 14 15 an addressee or intended recipient of such communication, or the subscriber in the case of remote computing 16 17service: "(4) to a person employed or authorized or whose 18 facilities are used to forward such communication to its 19 20destination: "(5) as may be necessarily incident to the rendi-21tion of the service or to the protection of the rights or 22property of the provider of that service; or 23"(6) to a law enforcement agency, if such con-24 25tents---

1	"(A) ₩	' ere	inadvertently	obtained	by	the
2	service provi	der;	and			

3 "(B) appear to pertain to the commission of
4 a crime.

5 "§ 2703. Requirements for governmental access

"(a) CONTENTS OF ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS IN 6 ELECTRONIC STORAGE. -- A governmental entity may re-7 quire the disclosure by a provider of electronic communica-8 tion service of the contents of a non-voice wire communica-9 tion or an electronic communication, that is in electronic stor-10 age in an electronic communications system for one hundred 11 and eighty days or less, only pursuant to a warrant issued 12under the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure or equivalent 13 State warrant. A governmental entity may require the disclo-14 sure by a provider of electronic communications services of 15the contents of an electronic communication that has been in 16 17 electronic storage in an electronic communications system for more than one hundred and eighty days by the means avail-18 19 able under subsection (b) of this section.

20 "(b) CONTENTS OF ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS IN 21 A REMOTE COMPUTING SERVICE.—(1) A governmental 22 entity may require a provider of remote computing service to 23 disclose the contents of any electronic communication to 24 which this paragraph is made applicable by paragraph (2) of 25 this subsection—

1	"(A) without required notice to the subscriber or
2	customer, if the governmental entity obtains a warrant
3	issued under the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure
4	or equivalent State warrant; or
5	"(B) with prior notice from the governmental
6	entity to the subscriber or customer if the governmen-
7	tal entity
8	"(i) uses an administrative subpoena author-
9	ized by a Federal or State statute or a Federal or
10	State grand jury subpoena; or
11	"(ii) obtains a court order for such disclosure
12	under subsection (d) of this section;
13	except that delayed notice may be given pursuant to
14	section 2705 of this title.
15	"(2) Paragraph (1) is applicable with respect to any
16	electronic communication that is held or maintained on that
17	service
18	"(A) on behalf of, and received by means of elee-
19	tronic transmission from (or created by means of com-
20	puter processing of communications received by means
21	of electronic transmission from), a subscriber or cus-
22	tomer of such remote computing service; and
23	"(B) solely for the purpose of providing storage or
24	computer processing services to such subscriber or cus-
25	tomer, if the provider is not authorized to access the

•S 2575 RCS

contents of any such communications for purposes of
 providing any services other than storage or computer
 processing.

4 "(c) RECORDS CONCERNING ELECTRONIC COMMUNI-5 CATIONS SERVICE OR REMOTE COMPUTING SERVICE.—A 6 governmental entity may require a provider of electronic 7 communications service or remote computing service to dis-8 close a record or other information pertaining to a subscriber 9 to or customer of such service (not including the contents of 10 communications covered by subsection (a) or (b) of this sec-11 tion) without required notice to the subscriber or customer if 12 the governmental entity—

13 <u>"(1) uses an administrative subpoena authorized</u>
14 by a Federal or State statute, or a Federal or State
15 grand jury subpoena;

16 "(2) obtains a warrant issued under the Federal
 17 Rules of Criminal Procedure or equivalent State war 18 rant; or

19 <u>"(3) obtains a court order for such disclosure</u>
20 under subsection (d) of this section.

21 "(d) REQUIREMENTS FOR COURT ORDER.—A court 22 order for disclosure under subsection (b) or (c) of this section 23 shall issue only if the governmental entity shows that there is 24 reason to believe the contents of a wire or electronic commu-25 nication, or the records or other information sought, are relevant to a legitimate law enforcement inquiry. In the case of a
 State governmental authority, such a court order shall not
 issue if prohibited by the law of such State.

4 "§ 2704. Backup preservation

 $\mathbf{5}$ "(a) BACKUP PRESERVATION. (1) A governmental entity acting under section 2703(b)(2) may include in its sub-6 poena or court order a requirement that the service provider 7 8 to whom the request is directed create a backup copy of the contents of the electronic communications sought in order to 9 preserve those communications. Without notifying the sub-10 seriber or eustomer of such subpoena or court order, such 11 service provider shall create such backup copy as soon as 1213practicable consistent with its regular business practices and shall confirm to the governmental entity that such backup 14 copy has been made. Such backup copy shall be created 15within two business days after receipt by the service provider 16 of the subpoena or court order. 17

18 "(2) Notice to the subscriber or customer shall be made 19 by the governmental entity within three days after receipt of 20 such confirmation, unless such notice is delayed pursuant to 21 section 2705(a).

22 <u>"(3)</u> The service provider shall not destroy such backup
23 copy until the later of—

24 "(A) the delivery of the information; or

- 1 <u>"(B) the resolution of any proceedings (including</u> 2 appeals of any proceeding) concerning the govern-3 ment's subpoena or court order.
- 4 "(4) The service provider shall release such backup copy 5 to the requesting governmental entity no sooner than four-6 teen days after the governmental entity's notice to the sub-7 seriber or customer if such service provider—
- 8 **''(A)** has not received notice from the subscriber 9 or customer that the subscriber or customer has chal-10 lenged the governmental entity's request; and
- 11 "(B) has not initiated proceedings to challenge the
 12 request of the governmental entity.
- 13 "(5) A governmental entity may seek to require the ere-14 ation of a backup copy under subsection (a)(1) of this section 15 if in its sole discretion such entity determines that there is 16 reason to believe that notification under section 2703 of this 17 title of the existence of the subpoena or court order may 18 result in destruction of or tampering with evidence. This de-19 termination is not subject to challenge by the subscriber or 20 customer or service provider.

21 "(b) CUSTOMER CHALLENGES.—(1) Within fourteen 22 days after notice by the governmental entity to the subscriber 23 or customer under subsection (a)(2) of this section, such sub-24 seriber or customer may file a motion to quash such subpoena 25 or vacate such court order, with copies served upon the governmental entity and with written notice of such challenge to
 the service provider. A motion to vacate a court order shall
 be filed in the court which issued such order. A motion to
 quash a subpoena shall be filed in the appropriate United
 States district court or State court. Such motion or applica tion shall contain an affidavit or sworn statement—

7 <u>"(A) stating that the applicant is a customer or</u>
8 subscriber to the service from which the contents of
9 electronic communications maintained for him have
10 been sought; and

11 "(B) stating the applicant's reasons for believing 12 that the records sought are not relevant to a legitimate 13 law enforcement inquiry or that there has not been 14 substantial compliance with the provisions of this chap-15 ter in some other respect.

16 "(2) Service shall be made under this section upon a 17 governmental entity by delivering or mailing by registered or 18 certified mail a copy of the papers to the person, office, or 19 department specified in the notice which the customer has 20 received pursuant to this chapter. For the purposes of this 21 section, the term 'delivery' has the meaning given that term 22 in the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

23 "(3) If the court finds that the customer has complied 24 with paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection, the court shall 25 order the governmental entity to file a sworn response, which

may be filed in camera if the governmental entity includes in 1 its response the reasons which make in camera review appro-2 priate. If the court is unable to determine the motion or ap-3 4 plication on the basis of the parties' initial allegations and response, the court may conduct such additional proceedings 5 as it deems appropriate. All such proceedings shall be com-6 pleted and the motion or application decided as soon as prac-7 ticable after the filing of the governmental entity's response. 8 9 "(4) If the court finds that the applicant is not the subseriber or customer for whom the communications sought by 10 the governmental entity are maintained, or that there is a 11 12 reason to believe that the law enforcement inquiry is legiti-13 mate and that the communications sought are relevant to 14 that inquiry, it shall deny the motion or application and order 15 such process enforced. If the court finds that the applicant is 16 the subscriber or customer for whom the communications 17 sought by the governmental entity are maintained, and that 18 there is not a reason to believe that the communications 19 sought are relevant to a legitimate law enforcement inquiry, 20 or that there has not been substantial compliance with the 21 provisions of this chapter, it shall order the process quashed. "(5) A court order denying a motion or application 2223 under this section shall not be deemed a final order and no 24 interlocutory appeal may be taken therefrom by the 25 eustomer.

1 "§ 2705. Delayed notice

2 "(a) DELAY OF NOTIFICATION. (1) A governmental
3 entity acting under section 2703(b) of this title may—

"(A) where a court order is sought, include in the 4 application a request, which the court shall grant, for 5an order delaying the notification required under see-6 7 tion 2703(b) of this title for a period not to exceed 8 ninety days, if the court determines that there is 9 reason to believe that notification of the existence of 10 the court order may have an adverse result described in paragraph (2) of this subsection; or 11

12"(B) where an administrative subpoena authorized by a Federal or State statute or a Federal or State 13 14 grand jury subpoena is obtained, delay the notification 15required under section 2703(b) of this title for a period not to exceed ninety days upon the execution of a writ-16 ten certification of a supervisory official that there is 17 reason to believe that notification of the existence of 18 the subpoena may have an adverse result described in 19 paragraph (2) of this subsection. 20

21 <u>"(2)</u> An adverse result for the purposes of paragraph (1)
22 of this subsection is—

23 "(A) endangering the life or physical safety of an
 24 individual:

25 <u>"(B) flight from prosecution;</u>

26 "(C) destruction of or tampering with evidence;

"(D) intimidation of potential witnesses; or
 "(E) otherwise seriously jeopardizing an investiga tion or unduly delaying a trial.

4 <u>''(3)</u> The governmental entity shall maintain a true copy
5 of certification under paragraph (1)(B).

6 "(4) Extensions of the delay of notification provided in 7 section 2703 of up to ninety days each may be granted by the 8 court upon application, or by certification by a governmental 9 entity, but only in accordance with subsection (b) or (c) of this 10 section.

11 "(5) Upon expiration of the period of delay of notifica-12 tion under paragraph (1) or (4) of this subsection, the govern-13 mental entity shall serve upon, or deliver by registered or 14 first-class mail to, the customer or subscriber a copy of the 15 process or request together with notice that—

16 <u>"(A) states with reasonable specificity the nature</u>
17 of the law enforcement inquiry; and

18 "(B) informs such customer or subscriber—

19"(i) that information maintained for such cus-20tomer or subscriber by the service provider named21in such process or request was supplied to or re-22quested by that governmental authority and the23date on which the supplying or request took24place;

]	"(ii) that notification of such customer or
2	subscriber was delayed;
93	"(iii) what governmental entity or court
4	made the certification or determination pursuant
5	to which that delay was made; and
6	"(iv) which provision of this chapter allowed
7	such delay.
8	"(6) As used in this subsection, the term 'supervi-
9	sory official' means the investigative agent in charge or
10	assistant investigative agent in charge or an equivalent
11	of an investigating agency's headquarters or regional
12	office, or the chief prosecuting attorney or the first as-
13	sistant prosecuting attorney or an equivalent of a pros-
14	ceuting attorney's headquarters or regional office.
15	"(b) PRECLUSION OF NOTICE TO SUBJECT OF GOV-
16	ERNMENTAL ACCESS.—A governmental entity acting under
17	section 2703, when it is not required to notify the subscriber
18	or customer under section 2703(b)(1), or to the extent that it
19	may delay such notice pursuant to subsection (a) of this see-
20	tion, may apply to a court for an order commanding a provid-
21	er of electronic communications service or remote computing
22	service to whom a warrant, subpoena, or court order is di-
23	rected, for such period as the court deems appropriate, not to
	notify any other person of the existence of the warrant, sub-
25	poena, or court order. The court shall enter such an order if

●S 2575 RCS

it determines that there is reason to believe that notification
 of the existence of the warrant, subpoena, or court order will
 result in—

4 ''(1) endangering the life or physical safety of an 5 individual;

6 <u>"(2) flight from prosecution;</u>

7 <u>"(3) destruction of or tampering with evidence;</u>

8 <u>"(4) intimidation of potential witnesses; or</u>

9 ⁽⁽⁵⁾ otherwise seriously jeopardizing an investiga10 tion or unduly delaying a trial.

11 "S 2706. Cost reimbursement

12 "(a) PAYMENT. Except as otherwise provided in sub-13 section (c), a governmental entity obtaining the contents of 14 communications, records, or other information under section 15 2702, 2703, or 2704 of this title shall pay to the person or 16 entity assembling or providing such information a fee for re-17 imbursement for such costs as are reasonably necessary and 18 which have been directly incurred in searching for, assem-19 bling, reproducing, or otherwise providing such information. 20 Such reimbursable costs shall include any costs due to neces-21 sary disruption of normal operations of any electronic com-22 munication service or remote computing service in which 23 such information may be stored.

24 "(b) AMOUNT.—The amount of the fee provided by sub25 section (a) shall be as mutually agreed by the governmental

entity and the person or entity providing the information, or,
 in the absence of agreement, shall be as determined by the
 court which issued the order for production of such informa tion (or the court before which a criminal prosecution relating
 to such information would be brought, if no court order was
 issued for production of the information).

7 "(c) The requirement of subsection (a) of this section 8 does not apply with respect to records or other information 9 maintained by a communications common carrier that relate 10 to telephone toll records and telephone listings obtained 11 under section 2708 of this title. The court may, however, 12 order a payment as described in subsection (a) if the court 13 determines the information required is unusually voluminous 14 in nature or otherwise caused an undue burden on the 15 provider.

16 "§ 2707. Civil action

17 "(a) CAUSE OF ACTION.—Any provider of electronie 18 communication service, subscriber, or customer aggrieved by 19 any violation of this chapter in which the conduct constitut-20 ing the violation is engaged in with a knowing or intentional 21 state of mind may, in a civil action, recover from the person 22 or entity which engaged in that violation such relief as may 23 be appropriate.

24 "(b) RELIEF.—In a civil action under this section, ap-25 propriate relief includes—

	42
1	"(1) such preliminary and other equitable or de-
2	elaratory relief as may be appropriate;
3	"(2) damages under subsection (c); and
4	"(3) a reasonable attorney's fee and other litiga-
5	tion costs reasonably incurred.
6	"(e) DAMAGES The court may assess as damages in a
7	eivil action under this section the sum of the actual damages
8	suffered by the plaintiff and any profits made by the violator
9	as a result of the violation, but in no case shall a person
10	entitled to recover receive less than the sum of \$1,000.
11	"(d) DEFENSEA good faith reliance on
12	"(1) a court warrant or order, a grand jury sub-
13	poena, a legislative authorization, or a statutory au-
14	thorization;
15	"(2) a request of an investigative or law enforce-
16	ment officer under section 2518(7) of this title; or
17	"(3) a good faith determination that section
18	2511(3) of this title permitted the conduct complained
19	of;
20	is a complete defense to any civil or criminal action brought
21	under this chapter or any other law.
22	"(c) LIMITATIONA civil action under this section
23	may not be commenced later than two years after the date
24	upon which the elaimant first discovered or had a reasonable
25	opportunity to discover the violation.

1 "§ 2708. Exclusivity of remedies

2 "The remedies and sanctions described in this chapter
3 are the only judicial remedies and sanctions for nonconstitu4 tional violations of this chapter.

5 "\$ 2709. Counterintelligence access to telephone toll and 6 transactional records

"(a) DUTY TO PROVIDE.—A Communications common
earrier or an electronic communication service provider shall
comply with a request made for telephone subscriber information and toll billing records information, or electronic communication transactional records made by the Director of the
Federal Bureau of Investigation under subscriber (b) of this
section.

14 "(b) REQUIRED CERTIFICATION.—The Director of the 15 Federal Bureau of Investigation (or an individual within the 16 Federal Bureau of Investigation designated for this purpose 17 by the Director) may request any such information and 18 records if the Director (or the Director's designee) certifies in 19 writing to the carrier or provider to which the request is 20 made that—

21 <u>"(1) the information sought is relevant to an au-</u>
 22 thorized foreign counterintelligence investigation; and

23 "(2) there are specific and articulable facts giving 24 reason to believe that the person or entity to whom the 25 information sought pertains is a foreign power or an 26 agent of a foreign power as defined in section 101 of •S 2575 RCS the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
 U.S.C. 1801).

3 "(c) PROIHBITION OF CERTAIN DISCLOSURE.---No 4 communications common carrier or service provider, or offi-5 eer, employee, or agent thereof, shall disclose to any person that the Federal Bureau of Investigation has sought or ob-6 tained access to information or records under this section. 7 8 BUREAU.-The Federal "(d) DISSEMINATION BY Bureau of Investigation may disseminate information and 9 10 records obtained under this section only as provided in guide-11 lines approved by the Attorney General for foreign intelligence collection and foreign counterintelligence investiga-1213 tions conducted by the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and, with respect to dissemination to an agency of the United 14 States, only if such information is clearly relevant to the au-1516 thorized responsibilities of such agency.

17 "(c) REQUIREMENT THAT CERTAIN CONGRESSIONAL 18 BODIES DE INFORMED.—On a semiannual basis the Director 19 of the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall fully inform the 20 Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of 21 Representatives and the Select Committee on Intelligence of 22 the Senate concerning all requests made under subsection (b) 23 of this section.

24 "§ 2710. Definitions for chapter

25 <u>"As used in this chapter</u>

"(1) the terms defined in section 2510 of this title
 have, respectively, the definitions given such terms in
 that section; and

4 ^{"(2)} the term 'remote computing service' means 5 the provision to the public of computer storage or proc-6 essing services by means of an electronic communica-7 tions system.".

8 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.---The table of chapters at 9 the beginning of part I of title 18, United States Code, is 10 amended by adding at the end the following:

11 SEC. 202. EFFECTIVE DATE.

12 This title and the amendments made by this title shall 13 take effect ninety days after the date of the enactment of this 14 Act and shall, in the case of conduct pursuant to a court 15 order or extension, apply only with respect to court orders or 16 extensions made after this title takes effect.

- 17 **TITLE III---PEN REGISTERS**
- 18 SEC. 301. TITLE 18 AMENDMENT.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Title 18 of the United States Code
is amended by inserting after chapter 205 the following new
chapter:

22 "CHAPTER 206—PEN REGISTERS

"Sec. "8121: General prohibition on pen register use; exception. "8122: Application for an order for a pen register. "8123: Issuance of an order for a pen register. <u>"8124.</u> Assistance in installation and use of a pen register.
<u>"8125.</u> Reports concerning pen registers.
<u>"8126.</u> Definitions for chapter.

1 "§ 3121. General prohibition on pen register use; exception

2 "(a) IN GENERAL. —Except as provided in this section,
3 no person may install or use a pen register without first ob4 taining a court order under section 3123 of this title or under
5 the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C.
6 1801 et seq.).

7 "(b) EXCEPTION. The prohibition of subsection (a)
8 does not apply with respect to the use of a pen register by a
9 provider of electronic or wire communication service.

10 "(1) relating to the operation, maintenance, and 11 testing of a wire or electronic communication service 12 or to the protection of the rights or property of such 13 provider, or to the protection of users of that service 14 from abuse of service or unlawful use of service; or

15 "(2) to record the fact that a wire or electronic communication was initiated or completed in order to protect such provider, another provider furnishing service toward the completion of the wire communication, or a user of that service, from fraudulent, unlawful or abusive use of service, or with the consent of the user of that service.

22 "(c) PENALTY.—Whoever knowingly violates subsec23 tion (a) shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more
24 than one year, or both.

1 "§ 3122. Application for an order for a pen register

2 "(a) APPLICATION. (1) An attorney for the Govern3 ment may make application for an order or an extension of an
4 order under section 3123 of this title authorizing or approv5 ing the installation and use of a pen register under this chap6 ter, in writing under oath or equivalent affirmation, to a court
7 of competent jurisdiction.

8 "(2) Unless prohibited by State law, a State investiga-9 tive or law enforcement officer may make application for an 10 order or an extension of an order under section 3123 of this 11 title authorizing or approving the installation and use of a 12 pen register under this chapter, in writing under oath or 13 equivalent affirmation, to a court of competent jurisdiction of 14 such State.

15 "(b) CONTENTS OF APPLICATION.—An application
16 under subsection (a) of this section shall include—

17 "(1) the identity of the attorney for the Govern-18 ment or the State law enforcement or investigative of-19 fieer making the application and the identity of the law 20 enforcement agency conducting the investigation; and

21 "(2) a certification by the applicant that the infor22 mation likely to be obtained is relevant to an ongoing
23 criminal investigation being conducted by that agency.
24 "§ 3123. Issuance of an order for a pen register

25 "(a) IN GENERAL.—Upon an application made under
26 section 3122 of this title, the court shall enter an ex parte
•S 2575 RCS

order authorizing the installation and use of a pen register
 within the jurisdiction of the court if the court finds that the
 attorney for the government or the State law enforcement or
 investigative officer has certified to the court that the infor mation likely to be obtained by such installation and use is
 relevant to an ongoing criminal investigation.

7 "(b) CONTENTS OF ORDER.—An order issued under 8 this section—

9 <u>"(1) shall specify</u>

10"(A) the identity, if known, of the person to11whom is leased or in whose name is listed the12telephone line to which the pen register is to be13attached;

14 "(B) the identity, if known, of the person
15 who is the subject of the criminal investigation;

16 "(C) the number and, if known, physical lo17 cation of the telephone line to which the pen reg18 ister is to be attached; and

19"(D) a statement of the offense to which the20information likely to be obtained by the pen regis-21ter relates; and

22 ⁽⁽²⁾ shall direct, upon the request of the appli23 cant, the furnishing of information, facilities, and tech24 nical assistance necessary to accomplish the installation
25 of the pen register under section 3124 of this title.

use of a pen register for a period not to exceed sixty days. "(2) Extensions of such an order may be granted, but 4 only upon an application for an order under section 3122 of 5 this title and upon the judicial finding required by subsection 6 (a) of this section. The period of extension shall be for a 7 period not to exceed sixty days. 8

9 "(d) Nondisclosure of Existence of Pen Regis-10 TER.—An order authorizing or approving the installation and use of a pen register shall direct that— 11

"(1) the order be sealed until otherwise ordered 12 13by the court; and

"(2) the person owning or leasing the line to 14 which the pen register is attached, or who has been 15ordered by the court to provide assistance to the appli-16 cant, not disclose the existence of the pen register or 17 the existence of the investigation to the listed subscrib-18 er, or to any other person, unless or until otherwise or-19 20dered by the court.

"§ 3124. Assistance in installation and use of a pen regis-2122ter

"(a) IN GENERAL.--- Upon the request of an attorney for 23the government or an officer of a law enforcement agency 24authorized to install and use a pen register under this chap-25

S 2575 RCS-4

1

 $\mathbf{2}$

1 ter, a provider of wire communication service, landlord, cus-2 todian, or other person shall furnish such investigative or law 3 enforcement officer forthwith all information, facilities, and 4 technical assistance necessary to accomplish the installation 5 of the pen register unobtrusively and with a minimum of in-6 terference with the services that the person so ordered by the 7 court accords the party with respect to whom the installation 8 and use is to take place, if such assistance is directed by a 9 court order as provided in section 3128(b)(2) of this title.

10 ^{((b)} COMPENSATION. A provider of wire communica-11 tion service, landlord, custodian, or other person who fur-12 nishes facilities or technical assistance pursuant to this sec-13 tion shall be reasonably compensated for such reasonable ex-14 penses incurred in providing such facilities and assistance. 15 ^(§) 3125. Reports concerning pen registers

16 "The Attorney General shall annually report to Con-17 gress on the number of pen register orders applied for by law 18 enforcement agencies of the Department of Justice.

19 "§ 3126. Definitions for chapter

20 "As used in this chapter—

21 <u>''(1) the term 'communications common carrier'</u>
22 has the meaning set forth for the term 'common carri23 er' in section 3(h) of the Communications Act of 1934
24 (47 U.S.C. 153(h));

1	"(2) the term 'wire communication' has the mean-
2	ing set forth for such term in section 2510 of this title;
3	"(3) the term 'court of competent jurisdiction'
4	means
5	"(A) a district court of the United States (in-
6	eluding a magistrate of such a court) or a United
7	States Court of Appeals; or
8	"(B) a court of general criminal jurisdiction
9	of a State authorized by the law of that State to
10	enter orders authorizing the use of a pen register;
11	"(4) the term 'pen register' means a device which
12	records or decodes electronic or other impulses which
13	identify the numbers dialed or otherwise transmitted,
14	with respect to wire communications, on the telephone
15	line to which such device is attached, but such term
16	does not include any device used by a provider of wire
17	communication service for billing, or recording as an
18	incident to billing, for communications services provid-
19	ed by such provider; and
20	"(5) the term 'attorney for the Government' has
21	the meaning given such term for the purposes of the
22	Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure; and
23	"(6) the term 'State' means a State, the District
24	of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and any other possession or
25	territory of the United States.".

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of chapters for
 part H of title 18 of the United States Code is amended by
 inserting after the item relating to chapter 205 the following
 new item:

5 SEC. 302. EFFECTIVE DATE.

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection (b), 7 this title and the amendments made by this title shall take 8 effect ninety days after the date of the enactment of this Act 9 and shall, in the case of conduct pursuant to a court order or 10 extension, apply only with respect to court orders or exten-11 sions made after this title takes effect.

12 (b) SPECIAL RULE FOR STATE AUTHORIZATIONS OF 13 INTERCEPTIONS.—Any pen register order or installation 14 which would be valid and lawful without regard to the 15 amendments made by this title shall be valid and lawful not-16 withstanding such amendments if such order or installation 17 occurs during the period beginning on the date such amend-18 ments take effect and ending on the earlier of—

19 (1) the day before the date of the taking effect of
20 ehanges in State law required in order to make orders
21 or installations under Federal law as amended by this
22 title; or

23 (2) the date two years after the date of the enact24 ment of this Act.

•S 2575 RCS

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE. This Act may be cited as the "Electronic Communica- $\mathbf{2}$ tions Privacy Act of 1986". 3 TITLE I-INTERCEPTION OF 4 COMMUNICATIONS AND RELATED MATTERS 5SEC. 101. FEDERAL PENALTIES FOR THE INTERCEPTION OF 6 7 **COMMUNICATIONS.** 8 (a) DEFINITIONS.—(1) Section 2510(1) of title 18. United States Code, is amended— 9 10 (A) by striking out "any communication" and inserting "any aural transfer" in lieu thereof; 11 (B) by inserting "(including the use of such con-12nection in a switching station)" after "reception". 13 (C) by striking out "as a common carrier" and 14 (D) by inserting before the semicolon at the end 15 the following: "or communications affecting interstate 16 or foreign commerce and such term includes any elec-17 tronic storage of such communication, but such term 18 does not include the radio portion of a cordless tele-19

20 phone communication that is transmitted between the
21 cordless telephone handset and the base unit".

(2) Section 2510(2) of title 18, United States Code, is
amended by inserting before the semicolon at the end the following: ", but such term does not include any electronic communication".

1 (3) Section 2510(4) of title 18, United States Code, is 2 amended—

3 (A) by inserting "or other" after "aural"; and
4 (B) by inserting ", electronic," after "wire".

5 (4) Section 2510(5) of title 18, United States Code, is 6 amended in clause (a)(i) by inserting before the semicolon the 7 following: "or furnished by such subscriber or user for con-8 nection to the facilities of such service and used in the ordi-9 nary course of its business".

10 (5) Section 2510(8) of title 18, United States Code, is 11 amended by striking out "identity of the parties to such com-12 munication or the existence,".

13 (6) Section 2510 of title 18, United States Code, is
14 amended—

15 (A) by striking out "and" at the end of paragraph
16 (10);

(B) by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (11) and inserting a semicolon in lieu thereof;
and

20 (C) by adding at the end the following:

21 ''(12) 'electronic communication' means any
22 transfer of signs, signals, writing, images, sounds,
23 data, or intelligence of any nature transmitted in whole
24 or in part by a wire, radio, electromagnetic, photoelec-

1	tronic or photooptical system that affects interstate or
2	foreign commerce, but does not include—
3	"(A) the radio portion of a cordless telephone
4	communication that is transmitted between the
5	cordless telephone handset and the base unit;
6	"(B) any wire or oral communication;
7	"(C) any communication made through a
8	tone-only paging device; or
9	(D) any communication from a tracking
10	device (as defined in section 3117 of this title);
11	"(13) 'user' means any person or entity who-
12	"(A) uses an electronic communication serv-
13	ice; and
14	"(B) is duly authorized by the provider of
15	such service to engage in such use;
16	"(14) 'electronic communications system' means
17	any wire, radio, electromagnetic, photooptical or pho-
18	toelectronic facilities for the transmission of electronic
19	communications, and any computer facilities or related
20	electronic equipment for the electronic storage of such
21	communications;
22	"(15) 'electronic communication service' means
23	any service which provides to users thereof the ability
24	to send or receive wire or electronic communications;

1	"(16) 'readily accessible to the general public'
2	means, with respect to a radio communication, that
3	such communication is not—
4	"(A) scrambled or encrypted;
5	"(B) transmitted using modulation tech-
6	niques whose essential parameters have been with-
7	held from the public with the intention of preserv-
8	ing the privacy of such communication;
9	"(C) carried on a subcarrier or other signal
10	subsidiary to a radio transmission;
11	"(D) transmitted over a communication
12	system provided by a common carrier, unless the
13	communication is a tone only paging system com-
14	munication; or
15	"(E) transmitted on frequencies allocated
16	under part 25, subpart D, E, or F of part 74, or
17	part 94 of the Rules of the Federal Communica-
18	tions Commission, unless, in the case of a com-
19	munication transmitted on a frequency allocated
20	under part 74 that is not exclusively allocated to
21	broadcast auxiliary services, the communication is
22	a two-way voice communication by radio;
23	"(17) 'electronic storage' means—

1	"(A) any temporary, intermediate storage of
2	a wire or electronic communication incidental to
3	the electronic transmission thereof; and
4	"(B) any storage of such communication by
5	an electronic communication service for purposes
6	of backup protection of such communication; and
7	"(18) 'aural transfer' means a transfer containing
8	the human voice at any point between and including
9	the point of origin and the point of reception.".
10	(b) Exceptions With Respect to Electronic
11	Communications.—
12	(1) Section 2511(2)(a)(ii) of title 18, United
13	States Code, is amended—
14	(A) by striking out ''violation of this sub-
15	paragraph by a communication common carrier or
16	an officer, employee, or agent thereof" and insert-
17	ing in lieu thereof "such disclosure";
18	(B) by striking out "the carrier" and insert-
19	ing in lieu thereof "such person"; and
20	(C) by striking out "an order or certification
21	under this subparagraph" and inserting in lieu
22	thereof "a court order or certification under this
23	chapter".

1 (2) Section 2511(2)(d) of title 18, United States Code,
2 is amended by striking out "or for the purpose of committing
3 any other injurious act".
4 (3) Section 2511(2)(f) of title 18, United States Code,
5 is amended—
6 (A) by inserting "or chapter 121" after "this
7 chapter"; and
8 (B) by striking out "by" the second place it ap-
9 pears and inserting in lieu thereof ", or foreign intelli-
10 gence activities conducted in accordance with otherwise
11 applicable Federal law involving a foreign electronic
12 communications system, utilizing ".
13 (4) Section 2511(2) of title 18, United States Code, is
14 amended by adding at the end the following:
15 "(g) It shall not be unlawful under this chapter or chap-
16 ter 121 of this title for any person—
17 "(i) to intercept or access an electronic communi-
18 cation made through an electronic communication
19 system that is configured so that such electronic com-
20 munication is readily accessible to the general public;
21 "(ii) to intercept any radio communication which
22 is transmitted—
23 "(I) by any station for the use of the general
24 public, or that relates to ships, aircraft, vehicles,
25 or persons in distress;

00
"(11) by any governmental, law enforcement,
civil defense, private land mobile, or public safety
communications system, including police and fire,
readily accessible to the general public;
"(III) by a station operating on an author-
ized frequency within the bands allocated to the
amateur, citizens band, or general mobile radio
services; or
"(IV) by any marine or aeronautical com-
munications system;
"(iii) to engage in any conduct which-
"(I) is prohibited by section 633 of the Com-
munications Act of 1934; or
"(II) is excepted from the application of sec-
tion 705(a) of the Communications Act of 1934
by section 705(b) of that Act;
"(iv) to intercept any wire or electronic communi-
cation the transmission of which is causing harmful
interference to any lawfully operating station or con-
sumer electronic equipment, to the extent necessary to
identify the source of such interference; or
"(v) for other users of the same frequency to inter-
cept any radio communication made through a system
that utilizes frequencies monitored by individuals en-

1	gaged in the provision or the use of such system, if
2	such communication is not scrambled or encrypted.
3	"(h) It shall not be unlawful under this chapter—
4	"(i) to use a pen register or a trap and trace
5	device (as those terms are defined for the purposes of
6	chapter 206 (relating to pen registers and trap and
7	trace devices) of this title); or
8	"(ii) for a provider of electronic communication
9	service to record the fact that a wire or electronic com-
10	munication was initiated or completed in order to pro-
11	tect such provider, another provider furnishing service
12	toward the completion of the wire or electronic commu-
13	nication, or a user of that service, from fraudulent, un-
14	lawful or abusive use of such service.".
15	(c) Technical and Conforming Amendments.—
16	(1) Chapter 119 of title 18, United States Code, is
17	amended—
18	(A) in each of sections 2510(5), 2510(8),
19	2510(9)(b), 2510(11), and 2511 through 2519 (except
20	sections 2515, 2516(1) and 2518(10)), by striking out
21	"wire or oral" each place it appears (including in any
22	section heading) and inserting "wire, oral, or electron-
23	ic" in lieu thereof; and
24	(B) in section 2511(2)(b), by inserting "or elec-
25	tronic" after "wire".

(2) The heading of chapter 119 of title 18, United
 2 States Code, is amended by inserting "AND ELECTRONIC
 3 COMMUNICATIONS" after "WIRE".

4 (3) The item relating to chapter 119 in the table of
5 chapters at the beginning of part I of title 18 of the United
6 States Code is amended by inserting "and electronic commu7 nications" after "Wire".

8 (4) Section 2510(5)(a) of title 18, United States Code, 9 is amended by striking out "communications common carri-10 er" and inserting "provider of wire or electronic communica-11 tion service" in lieu thereof.

12 (5) Section 2511(2)(a)(i) of title 18, United States
13 Code, is amended—

(A) by striking out "any communication common
carrier" and inserting "a provider of wire or electronic
communication service" in lieu thereof;

17 (B) by striking out "of the carrier of such com18 munication" and inserting "of the provider of that
19 service" in lieu thereof; and

(C) by striking out ": Provided, That said communication common carriers" and inserting ", except
that a provider of wire communication service to the
public" in lieu thereof.

24 (6) Section 2511(2)(a)(ii) of title 18, United States
25 Code, is amended—

1	(A) by striking out "communication common car-
2	riers" and inserting "providers of wire or electronic
3	communication service" in lieu thereof;
4	(B) by striking out "communication common car-
5	rier" each place it appears and inserting "provider of
6	wire or electronic communication service" in lieu there-
7	of; and
8	(C) by striking out "if the common carrier" and
9	inserting "if such provider" in lieu thereof.
10	(7) Section 2512(2)(a) of title 18, United States Code,
11	is amended—
12	(A) by striking out "a communications common
13	carrier" the first place it appears and inserting "a pro-
14	vider of wire or electronic communication service" in
15	lieu thereof; and
16	(B) by striking out "a communications common
17	carrier" the second place it appears and inserting
18	"such a provider" in lieu thereof; and
19	(C) by striking out "communications common
20	carrier's business" and inserting "business of provid-
21	ing that wire or electronic communication service" in
22	lieu thereof.
23	(8) Section 2518(4) of title 18, United States Code, is
2 4 d	amended—

(A) by striking out "communication common car rier" in both places it appears and inserting "provider
 of wire or electronic communication service" in lieu
 thereof; and

5 (B) by striking out "carrier" and inserting in
6 lieu thereof "service provider".

7 (d) PENALTIES MODIFICATION.—(1) Section 2511(1)
8 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking out
9 "shall be" and all that follows through "or both" and insert10 ing in lieu thereof "shall be punished as provided in subsec11 tion (4) or shall be subject to suit as provided in subsection
12 (5)".

(2) Section 2511 of title 18, United States Code, is
amended by adding after the material added by section 102
the following:

16 "(4)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this sub17 section or in subsection (5), whoever violates subsection (1) of
18 this section shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not
19 more than five years, or both.

"(b) If the offense is a first offense under paragraph (a)
of this subsection and is not for a tortious or illegal purpose
or for purposes of direct or indirect commercial advantage or
private commercial gain, and the wire or electronic communication with respect to which the offense under paragraph (a)

is a radio communication that is not scrambled or encrypted,
 then—

"(i) if the communication is not the radio portion
of a cellular telephone communication, a public land
mobile radio service communication or a paging service
communication, and the conduct is not that described
in subsection (5), the offender shall be fined under this
title or imprisoned not more than one year, or both;
and

10 "(ii) if the communication is the radio portion of
11 a cellular telephone communication, a public land
12 mobile radio service communication or a paging service
13 communication, the offender shall be fined not more
14 than \$500.

15 "(c) Conduct otherwise an offense under this subsection
16 that consists of or relates to the interception of a satellite
17 transmission that is not encrypted or scrambled and that is
18 transmitted—

19 "(i) to a broadcasting station for purposes of re20 transmission to the general public; or

21 "(ii) as an audio subcarrier intended for redistri22 bution to facilities open to the public, but not including
23 data transmissions or telephone calls,

is not an offense under this subsection unless the conduct is
 for the purposes of direct or indirect commercial advantage or
 private financial gain.

4 "(5)(a)(i) If the communication is—

5 "(A) a private satellite video communication that 6 is not scrambled or encrypted and the conduct in viola-7 tion of this chapter is the private viewing of that com-8 munication and is not for a tortious or illegal purpose 9 or for purposes of direct or indirect commercial advan-10 tage or private commercial gain; or

11 "(B) a radio communication that is transmitted 12 on frequencies allocated under subpart D of part 74 of 13 the rules of the Federal Communications Commission 14 that is not scrambled or encrypted and the conduct in 15 violation of this chapter is not for a tortious or illegal 16 purpose or for purposes of direct or indirect commercial 17 advantage or private commercial gain,

18 then the person who engages in such conduct shall be subject
19 to suit by the Federal Government in a court of competent
20 jurisdiction.

21 "(ii) In an action under this subsection—

"(A) if the violation of this chapter is a first offense for the person under paragraph (a) of subsection
(4) and such person has not been found liable in a
civil action under section 2520 of this title, the Federal

S 2575 RCS-5

Government shall be entitled to appropriate injunctive
 relief; and

3 "(B) if the violation of this chapter is a second or
4 subsequent offense under paragraph (a) of subsection
5 (4) or such person has been found liable in any prior
6 civil action under section 2520, the person shall be
7 subject to a mandatory \$500 civil fine.

8 "(b) The court may use any means within its authority 9 to enforce an injunction issued under paragraph (ii)(A), and 10 shall impose a civil fine of not less than \$500 for each viola-11 tion of such an injunction.".

12 (e) EXCLUSIVITY OF REMEDIES WITH RESPECT TO 13 ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS.—Section 2518(10) of 14 title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the 15 end the following:

16 "(c) The remedies and sanctions described in this chap-17 ter with respect to the interception of electronic communica-18 tions are the only judicial remedies and sanctions for noncon-19 stitutional violations of this chapter involving such communi-20 cations.".

(f) STATE OF MIND.—Paragraphs (a), (b), (c), and (d)
of subsection (1) of section 2511 of title 18, United States
Code, are amended by striking out "willfully" and inserting
in lieu thereof "intentionally".

(2) Subsection (1) of section 2512 of title 18, United
 States Code, is amended in the matter before paragraph (a)
 by striking out "willfully" and inserting in lieu thereof "in tentionally".

5 SEC. 102. REQUIREMENTS FOR CERTAIN DISCLOSURES.

6 Section 2511 of title 18, United States Code, is amend7 ed by adding at the end the following:

8 "(3)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this sub-9 section, a person or entity providing an electronic communi-10 cation service to the public shall not intentionally divulge the 11 contents of any communication (other than one to such 12 person or entity, or an agent thereof) while in transmission 13 on that service to any person or entity other than an address-14 ee or intended recipient of such communication or an agent of 15 such addressee or intended recipient.

16 "(b) A person or entity providing electronic communica17 tion service to the public may divulge the contents of any
18 such communication—

19 "(i) as otherwise authorized in section 2511(2)(a)
20 or 2517 of this title;

21 "(ii) with the lawful consent of the originator or
22 any addressee or intended recipient of such communi23 cation;

•S 2575 RCS

"(iii) to a person employed or authorized, or
 whose facilities are used, to forward such communica tion to its destination; or

4 "(iv) which were inadvertently obtained by the 5 service provider and which appear to pertain to the 6 commission of a crime, if such divulgence is made to a 7 law enforcement agency.".

8 SEC. 103. RECOVERY OF CIVIL DAMAGES.

9 Section 2520 of title 18, United States Code, is amend10 ed to read as follows:

11 "\$ 2520. Recovery of civil damages authorized

12 "(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in section 13 2511(2)(a)(ii), any person whose wire, oral, or electronic 14 communication is intercepted, disclosed, or intentionally used 15 in violation of this chapter may in a civil action recover from 16 the person or entity which engaged in that violation such 17 relief as may be appropriate.

18 "(b) RELIEF.—In an action under this section, appro19 priate relief includes—

20 "(1) such preliminary and other equitable or de21 claratory relief as may be appropriate;

22 "(2) damages under subsection (c) and punitive
23 damages in appropriate cases; and

24 "(3) a reasonable attorney's fee and other litiga25 tion costs reasonably incurred.

•S 2575 RCS

"(c) COMPUTATION OF DAMAGES.-(1) In an action 1 under this section, if the conduct in violation of this chapter $\mathbf{2}$ is the private viewing of a private satellite video communica-3 4 tion that is not scrambled or encrypted or if the communication is a radio communication that is transmitted on frequen-5cies allocated under subpart D of part 74 of the rules of the 6 Federal Communications Commission that is not scrambled 7 8 or encrypted and the conduct is not for a tortious or illegal purpose or for purposes of direct or indirect commercial ad-9 vantage or private commercial gain, then the court shall 10 11 assess damages as follows:

69

12 "(A) If the person who engaged in that conduct 13 has not previously been enjoined under section 2511(5) 14 and has not been found liable in a prior civil action 15 under this section, the court shall assess the greater of 16 the sum of actual damages suffered by the plaintiff, or 17 statutory damages of not less than \$50 and not more 18 than \$500.

"(B) If, on one prior occasion, the person who engaged in that conduct has been enjoined under section
21 2511(5) or has been found liable in a civil action
22 under this section, the court shall assess the greater of
23 the sum of actual damages suffered by the plaintiff, or
24 statutory damages of not less than \$100 and not more
25 than \$1000.

1	"(2) In any other action under this section, the court
2	may assess as damages whichever is the greater of—
3	"(A) the sum of the actual damages suffered by
4	the plaintiff and any profits made by the violator as a
5	result of the violation; or
6	"(B) statutory damages of whichever is the great-
7	er of \$100 a day for each day of violation or \$10,000.
8	"(d) DEFENSE.—A good faith reliance on—
9	"(1) a court warrant or order, a grand jury sub-
10	poena, a legislative authorization, or a statutory
11	authorization;
12	"(2) a request of an investigative or law enforce-
13	ment officer under section 2518(7) of this title; or
14	''(3) a good faith determination that section
15	2511(3) of this title permitted the conduct complained
16	of;
17	is a complete defense against any civil or criminal action
18	brought under this chapter or any other law.
19	"(e) LIMITATION.—A civil action under this section
20	may not be commenced later than two years after the date
21	upon which the claimant first has a reasonable opportunity to
22	discover the violation.".

Section 2516(1) of title 18 of the United States Code is
a mended by striking out "or any Assistant Attorney General" and inserting in lieu thereof "any Assistant Attorney
General, any acting Assistant Attorney General, or any
Deputy Assistant Attorney General in the Criminal
Division".

9 SEC. 105. ADDITION OF OFFENSES TO CRIMES FOR WHICH 10 INTERCEPTION IS AUTHORIZED.

11 (a) WIRE AND ORAL INTERCEPTIONS.—Section
12 2516(1) of title 18 of the United States Code is amended—

13 (1) in paragraph (c)—

14 (A) by inserting "section 751 (relating to
15 escape)," after "wagering information),";

16 (B) by striking out "2314" and inserting
17 "2312, 2313, 2314," in lieu thereof;

(C) by inserting "the second section 2320 18 (relating to trafficking in certain motor vehicles or 19 motor vehicle parts), section 1203 (relating to hos-20tage taking), section 1029 (relating to fraud and 21 related activity in connection with access devices), 22section 3146 (relating to penalty for failure to 23 appear), section 3521(b)(3) (relating to witness 24 relocation and assistance), section 32 (relating to 25

1	destruction of aircraft or aircraft facilities), " after
2	"stolen property), ";
3	(D) by inserting ''section 1952A (relating to
4	use of interstate commerce facilities in the com-
5	mission of murder for hire), section 1952B (relat-
6	ing to violent crimes in aid of racketeering activi-
7	ty)," after "1952 (interstate and foreign travel or
8	transportation in aid of racketeering enter-
9	prises), ";
10	(E) by inserting ", section 115 (relating to
11	threatening or retaliating against a Federal offi-
12	cial), the section in chapter 65 relating to destruc-
13	tion of an energy facility, and section 1341 (relat-
14	ing to mail fraud)," after "section 1963 (viola-
15	tions with respect to racketeer influenced and cor-
16	rupt organizations)"; and
17	(F) by —
18	(i) striking out "or" before "section
19	351" and inserting in lieu thereof a comma;
20	and
21	(ii) inserting before the semicolon at the
22	end thereof the following: ", section 831 (re-
23	lating to prohibited transactions involving
24	nuclear materials), section 33 (relating to de-
25	struction of motor vehicles or motor vehicle

	10
1	facilities), or section 1992 (relating to wreck-
2	ing trains)";
3	(2) by striking out "or" at the end of paragraph
4	(g);
5	(3) by inserting after paragraph (g) the following:
6	"(h) any felony violation of sections 2511 and 2512
7	(relating to interception and disclosure of certain communica-
8	tions and to certain intercepting devices) of this title;
9	"(i) any violation of section 1679a(c)(2) (relating to de-
10	struction of a natural gas pipeline) or subsection (i) or (n) of
11	section 1472 (relating to aircraft piracy) of title 49, of the
12	United States Code;
13	"(j) any criminal violation of section 2778 of title 22
14	(relating to the Arms Export Control Act); or";
15	"(k) the location of any fugitive from justice from an
16	offense described in this section;
17	(4) by redesignating paragraph (h) as paragraph
18	(1); and
19	(5) in paragraph (a) by—
20	(A) inserting after "Atomic Energy Act of
21	1954)," the following: "section 2284 of title 42 of
22	the United States Code (relating to sabotage of
23	nuclear facilities or fuel), ";
24	(B) striking out "or" after "(relating to trea-
25	son), "; and

73

1(C) inserting before the semicolon at the end2thereof the following: "chapter 65 (relating to ma-3licious mischief), chapter 111 (relating to destruc-4tion of vessels), or chapter 81 (relating to5piracy)".

6 (b) INTERCEPTION OF ELECTRONIC COMMUNICA7 TIONS.—Section 2516 of title 18 of the United States Code
8 is amended by adding at the end the following:

9 "(3) Any attorney for the Government (as such term is defined for the purposes of the Federal Rules of Criminal 10 Procedure) may authorize an application to a Federal judge 11 12of competent jurisdiction for, and such judge may grant, in conformity with section 2518 of this title, an order authoriz-13 ing or approving the interception of electronic communica-14 tions by an investigative or law enforcement officer having 15 responsibility for the investigation of the offense as to which 16 the application is made, when such interception may provide 17 or has provided evidence of any Federal felony.". 18

19SEC. 106. APPLICATIONS, ORDERS, AND IMPLEMENTATION OF20ORDERS.

(a) PLACE OF AUTHORIZED INTERCEPTION.—Section
22 2518(3) of title 18 of the United States Code is amended by
23 inserting "(and outside that jurisdiction but within the
24 United States in the case of a mobile interception device au25 thorized by a Federal court within such jurisdiction)" after

"within the territorial jurisdiction of the court in which the
 judge is sitting".

3 (b) REIMBURSEMENT FOR ASSISTANCE.—Section 4 2518(4) of title 18 of the United States Code is amended by 5 striking out "at the prevailing rates" and inserting in lieu 6 thereof "for reasonable expenses incurred in providing such 7 facilities or assistance".

8 (c) COMMENCEMENT OF THIRTY-DAY PERIOD AND 9 POSTPONEMENT OF MINIMIZATION.—Section 2518(5) of 10 title 18 of the United States Code is amended—

(1) by inserting after the first sentence the following: "Such thirty-day period begins on the earlier of
the day on which the investigative or law enforcement
officer first begins to conduct an interception under the
order or ten days after the order is entered."; and

(2) by adding at the end the following: "In the 16 17 event the intercepted communication is in a code or foreign language, and an expert in that foreign lan-18 guage or code is not reasonably available during the 19 interception period, minimization may be accomplished 20as soon as practicable after such interception. An inter-21 ception under this chapter may be conducted in whole 22or in part by Government personnel, or by an individ-23ual operating under a contract with the Government, 24 acting under the supervision of an investigative or law 25

1 enforcement officer authorized to conduct the inter-2 ception.".

(d) ALTERNATIVE TO DESIGNATING SPECIFIC FA-3 CILITIES FROM WHICH COMMUNICATIONS ARE TO BE 4 INTERCEPTED.—(1) Section 2518(1)(b)(ii) of title 18 of the 5United States Code is amended by inserting "except as pro-6 vided in subsection (11)," before "a particular description". 7 (2) Section 2518(3)(d) of title 18 of the United States 8 Code is amended by inserting "except as provided in subsec-9 tion (11), "before "there is". 10

(3) Section 2518 of title 18 of the United States Code is
amended by adding at the end the following:

13 "(11) The requirements of subsections (1)(b)(ii) and 14 (3)(d) of this section relating to the specification of the facili-15 ties from which, or the place where, the communication is to 16 be intercepted do not apply if—

17 "(a) in the case of an application with respect to
18 the interception of an oral communication—

19"(i) the application is by a Federal investi-20gative or law enforcement officer and is approved21by the Attorney General, the Deputy Attorney22General, the Associate Attorney General, an As-23sistant Attorney General, or an acting Assistant24Attorney General;

1	"(ii) the application contains a full and com-
2	plete statement as to why such specification is not
3	practical and identifies the person committing the
4	offense and whose communications are to be inter-
5	cepted; and
6	"(iii) the judge finds that such specification
7	is not practical; and
8	"(b) in the case of an application with respect to a
9	wire or electronic communication—
10	"(i) the application is by a Federal investi-
11	gative or law enforcement officer and is approved
12	by the Attorney General, the Deputy Attorney
13	General, the Associate Attorney General, an As-
14	sistant Attorney General, or an acting Assistant
15	Attorney General;
16	"(ii) the application identifies the person be-
17	lieved to be committing the offense and whose
18	communications are to be intercepted and the ap-
19	plicant makes a showing of a purpose, on the part
20	of that person, to thwart interception by changing
21	facilities; and
22	"(iii) the judge finds that such purpose has
23	been adequately shown.
24	"(12) An interception of a communication under an
25	order with respect to which the requirements of subsections

(1)(b)(ii) and (3)(d) of this section do not apply by reason of
subsection (11) shall not begin until the facilities from which,
or the place where, the communication is to be intercepted is
ascertained by the person implementing the interception
order. A provider of wire or electronic communications service that has received an order as provided for in subsection
(11)(b) may move the court to modify or quash the order on
the ground that its assistance with respect to the interception
court, upon notice to the government, shall decide such a
motion expeditiously.".

(4) Section 2519(1)(b) of title 18, United States Code,
13 is amended by inserting "(including whether or not the order
14 was an order with respect to which the requirements of sec15 tions 2518(1)(b)(ii) and 2518(3)(d) of this title did not apply
16 by reason of section 2518(11) of this title)" after "applied
17 for".

18 SEC. 107. INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this Act or the amendments made by this Act constitutes authority for the conduct
of any intelligence activity.

(b) CERTAIN ACTIVITIES UNDER PROCEDURES AP23 PROVED BY THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.—Nothing in chap24 ter 119 or chapter 121 of title 18, United States Code, shall
25 affect the conduct, by officers or employees of the United

States Government in accordance with other applicable Fed eral law, under procedures approved by the Attorney General
 of activities intended to—

4 (1) intercept encrypted or other official communi5 cations of United States executive branch entities or
6 United States Government contractors for communica7 tions security purposes;

8 (2) intercept radio communications transmitted 9 between or among foreign powers or agents of a foreign 10 power as defined by the Foreign Intelligence Surveil-11 lance Act of 1978; or

(3) access an electronic communication system
used exclusively by a foreign power or agent of a foreign power as defined by the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978.

16 SEC. 108. MOBILE TRACKING DEVICES.

17 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 205 of title 18, United
18 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:
19 "\$ 3117. Mobile tracking devices

"(a) IN GENERAL.—If a court is empowered to issue a
warrant or other order for the installation of a mobile tracking device, such order may authorize the use of that device
within the jurisdiction of the court, and outside that jurisdiction if the device is installed in that jurisdiction.

"(b) DEFINITION.—As used in this section, the term 'tracking device' means an electronic or mechanical device $\mathbf{2}$ 3 which permits the tracking of the movement of a person or 4 object.". (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents at 5 6 the beginning of chapter 205 of title 18, United States Code, 7 is amended by adding at the end the following: "3117. Mobile tracking devices.". 8 SEC. 109. WARNING SUBJECT OF SURVEILLANCE. Section 2232 of title 18, United States Code, is 9 amended---10 (1) by inserting "(a) PHYSICAL INTERFERENCE 11 WITH SEARCH.—" before "Whoever" the first place 12 13 it appears;

(2) by inserting "(b) NOTICE OF SEARCH.—" 14 before "Whoever" the second place it appears; and 15

(3) by adding at the end the following: 16

"(c) NOTICE OF CERTAIN ELECTRONIC SURVEIL-17 18 LANCE. — Whoever, having knowledge that a Federal investi-19 gative or law enforcement officer has been authorized or has 20 applied for authorization under chapter 119 to intercept a 21 wire, oral, or electronic communication, in order to obstruct, 22 impede, or prevent such interception, gives notice or attempts 23 to give notice of the possible interception to any person shall 24 be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than five 25 years, or both.

•S 2575 RCS

1

"Whoever, having knowledge that a Federal officer has 1 been authorized or has applied for authorization to conduct $\mathbf{2}$ electronic surveillance under the Foreign Intelligence Sur-3 veillance Act (50 U.S.C. 1801, et seq.), in order to obstruct, 4 impede, or prevent such activity, gives notice or attempts to 5 give notice of the possible activity to any person shall be fined 6 under this title or imprisoned not more than five years, or 7 both.". 8

9 SEC. 110. INJUNCTIVE REMEDY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 119 of title 18, United
11 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:
12 "§ 2521. Injunction against illegal interception

"Whenever it shall appear that any person is engaged 13 or is about to engage in any act which constitutes or will 14 constitute a felony violation of this chapter, the Attorney 15General may initiate a civil action in a district court of the 16 United States to enjoin such violation. The court shall pro-17 18 ceed as soon as practicable to the hearing and determination 19 of such an action, and may, at any time before final determi-20 nation, enter such a restraining order or prohibition, or take 21 such other action, as is warranted to prevent a continuing and substantial injury to the United States or to any person 2223 or class of persons for whose protection the action is brought. 24 A proceeding under this section is governed by the Federal 25 Rules of Civil Procedure, except that, if an indictment has

S 2575 RCS-6

been returned against the respondent, discovery is governed
 by the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.".

- 3 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at 4 the beginning of chapter 119 of title 18, United States Code,
- 5 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "2521. Injunction against illegal interception.".
- 6 SEC. 111. EFFECTIVE DATE.

7 (a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection
8 (b) or (c), this title and the amendments made by this title
9 shall take effect 90 days after the date of the enactment of
10 this Act and shall, in the case of conduct pursuant to a court
11 order or extension, apply only with respect to court orders or
12 extensions made after this title takes effect.

13 (b) SPECIAL RULE FOR STATE AUTHORIZATIONS OF 14 INTERCEPTIONS.—Any interception pursuant to section 15 2516(2) of title 18 of the United States Code which would be 16 valid and lawful without regard to the amendments made by 17 this title shall be valid and lawful notwithstanding such 18 amendments if such interception occurs during the period be-19 ginning on the date such amendments take effect and ending 20 on the earlier of—

(1) the day before the date of the taking effect of
State law conforming the applicable State statute with
chapter 119 of title 18, United States Code, as so
amended; or

(2) the date two years after the date of the enact ment of this Act.

3 (c) EFFECTIVE DATE FOR CERTAIN APPROVALS BY
 4 JUSTICE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS.—Section 104 of this
 5 Act shall take effect on the date of enactment of this Act.
 6 TITLE II—STORED WIRE AND ELECTRONIC
 7 COMMUNICATIONS AND TRANSACTIONAL
 8 RECORDS ACCESS
 9 SEC. 201. TITLE 18 AMENDMENT.

- 10 Title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting
- 11 after chapter 119 the following:

12 "CHAPTER 121-STORED WIRE AND ELECTRONIC

13 COMMUNICATIONS AND TRANSACTIONAL

14 **RECORDS ACCESS**

"Sec.

- "2701. Unlawful access to stored communications.
- "2702. Disclosure of contents.
- "2703. Requirements for governmental access.
- "2704. Backup preservation.
- "2705. Delayed notice.
- "2706. Cost reimbursement.
- "2707. Civil action.
- "2708. Exclusivity of remedies.
- "2709. Counterintelligence access to telephone toll and transactional records. "2710. Definitions.

15 "§ 2701. Unlawful access to stored communications

- 16 "(a) OFFENSE.—Except as provided in subsection (c)
- 17 of this section whoever—
- 18 "(1) intentionally accesses without authorization a
- 19 facility through which an electronic communication
- 20 service is provided; or

1	"(2) intentionally exceeds an authorization to
2	access that facility;
3	and thereby obtains, alters, or prevents authorized access to a
4	wire or electronic communication while it is in electronic
5	storage in such system shall be punished as provided in sub-
6	section (b) of this section.
7	"(b) PUNISHMENT.—The punishment for an offense
8	under subsection (a) of this section is—
9	"(1) if the offense is committed for purposes of
10	commercial advantage, malicious destruction or
11	damage, or private commercial gain—
12	"(A) a fine of not more than \$250,000 or
13	imprisonment for not more than one year, or both,
14	in the case of a first offense under this subpara-
15	graph; and
16	"(B) a fine under this title or imprisonment
17	for not more than two years, or both, for any sub-
18	sequent offense under this subparagraph; and
19	"(2) a fine of not more than \$5,000 or imprison-
20	ment for not more than six months, or both, in any
21	other case.
22	"(c) EXCEPTIONS.—Subsection (a) of this section does
23	not apply with respect to conduct authorized—
24	"(1) by the person or entity providing a wire or
25	electronic communications service;

1	"(2) by a user of that service with respect to a
2	communication of or intended for that user; or
3	"(3) in section 2703, 2704 or 2518 of this title.
4	"\$ 2702. Disclosure of contents
5	"(a) PROHIBITIONS.—Except as provided in subsec-
6	tion (b)
7	"(1) a person or entity providing an electronic
8	communication service to the public shall not knowing-
9	ly divulge to any person or entity the contents of a
10	communication while in electronic storage by that serv-
11	ice; and
12	"(2) a person or entity providing remote comput-
13	ing service to the public shall not knowingly divulge to
14	any person or entity the contents of any communica-
15	tion which is carried or maintained on that service-
16	"(A) on behalf of, and received by means of
17	electronic transmission from (or created by means
18	of computer processing of communications received
19	by means of electronic transmission from), a sub-
20	scriber or customer of such service; and
21	"(B) solely for the purpose of providing stor-
22	age or computer processing services to such sub-
23	scriber or customer, if the provider is not author-
24	ized to access the contents of any such communi-

●S 2575 RCS

85

1	cations for purposes of providing any services
2	other than storage or computer processing.
3	"(b) EXCEPTIONS.—A person or entity may divulge
4	the contents of a communication—
5	"(1) to an addressee or intended recipient of such
6	communication or an agent of such addressee or in-
7	tended recipient;
8	"(2) as otherwise authorized in section 2516,
9	2511(2)(a), or 2703 of this title;
10	"(3) with the lawful consent of the originator or
11	an addressee or intended recipient of such communica-
12	tion, or the subscriber in the case of remote computing
13	service;
14	"(4) to a person employed or authorized or whose
15	facilities are used to forward such communication to its
16	destination;
17	"(5) as may be necessarily incident to the rendi-
18	tion of the service or to the protection of the rights or
19	property of the provider of that service; or
20	"(6) to a law enforcement agency, if such con-
21	tents—
22	"(A) were inadvertently obtained by the serv-
23	ice provider; and
24	"(B) appear to pertain to the commission of
25	a crime.

•S 2575 RCS

87

1 "\$ 2703. Requirements for governmental access

"(a) CONTENTS OF ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS $\mathbf{2}$ IN ELECTRONIC STORAGE.—A governmental entity may 3 require the disclosure by a provider of electronic communica-4 tion service of the contents of an electronic communication. $\mathbf{5}$ that is in electronic storage in an electronic communications 6 system for one hundred and eighty days or less, only pursu-7 8 ant to a warrant issued under the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure or equivalent State warrant. A governmental 9 10 entity may require the disclosure by a provider of electronic 11 communications services of the contents of an electronic com-12munication that has been in electronic storage in an electron-13 ic communications system for more than one hundred and 14 eighty days by the means available under subsection (b) of this section. 15

16 "(b) CONTENTS OF ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS 17 IN A REMOTE COMPUTING SERVICE.—(1) A governmental 18 entity may require a provider of remote computing service to 19 disclose the contents of any electronic communication to 20 which this paragraph is made applicable by paragraph (2) of 21 this subsection—

"(A) without required notice to the subscriber or
customer, if the governmental entity obtains a warrant
issued under the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure
or equivalent State warrant; or

1 "(B) with prior notice from the governmental 2 entity to the subscriber or customer if the governmental entity— 3 "(i) uses an administrative subpoena author-4 ized by a Federal or State statute or a Federal or 56 State grand jury subpoena; or 7 "(ii) obtains a court order for such disclosure under subsection (d) of this section; 8 9 except that delayed notice may be given pursuant to section 2705 of this title. 10 "(2) Paragraph (1) is applicable with respect to any 11 12 electronic communication that is held or maintained on that 13 service— "(A) on behalf of, and received by means of elec-14 tronic transmission from (or created by means of com-15 puter processing of communications received by means 16 17 of electronic transmission from), a subscriber or customer of such remote computing service; and 18 19 "(B) solely for the purpose of providing storage or computer processing services to such subscriber or cus-2021tomer, if the provider is not authorized to access the contents of any such communications for purposes of 2223providing any services other than storage or computer processing. $\mathbf{24}$

"(c) Records Concerning Electronic Communi-1 CATION SERVICE OR REMOTE COMPUTING SERVICE. 2 (1)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), a provider of 3 4 electronic communication service or remote computing service may disclose a record or other information pertaining to a 5 6 subscriber to or customer of such service (not including the 7 contents of communications covered by subsection (a) or (b) of this section) to any person other than a governmental 8 entity. 9

10 "(B) A provider of electronic communication service or 11 remote computing service shall disclose a record or other in-12 formation pertaining to a subscriber to or customer of such 13 service (not including the contents of communications covered 14 by subsection (a) or (b) of this section) to a governmental 15 entity only when the governmental entity—

16 "(i) uses an administrative subpoena authorized
17 by a Federal or State statute, or a Federal or State
18 grand jury subpoena;

19 "(ii) obtains a warrant issued under the Federal
20 Rules of Criminal Procedure or equivalent State
21 warrant;

22 "(iii) obtains a court order for such disclosure
23 under subsection (d) of this section; or

24 "(iv) has the consent of the subscriber or customer
25 to such disclosure.

"(2) A governmental entity receiving records or infor mation under this subsection is not required to provide notice
 to a subscriber or customer.

"(d) REQUIREMENTS FOR COURT ORDER.—A court 4 order for disclosure under subsection (b) or (c) of this section 5shall issue only if the governmental entity shows that there is 6 7 reason to believe the contents of a wire or electronic communication, or the records or other information sought, are rele-8 9 vant to a legitimate law enforcement inquiry. In the case of a State governmental authority, such a court order shall not 10 issue if prohibited by the law of such State. A court issuing 11 an order pursuant to this section, on a motion made promptly 12by the service provider, may quash or modify such order, if 13the information or records requested are unusually volumi-14 nous in nature or compliance with such order otherwise 15would cause an undue burden on such provider. 16

17 "(e) NO CAUSE OF ACTION AGAINST A PROVIDER DIS-18 CLOSING INFORMATION UNDER THIS CHAPTER.—No cause 19 of action shall lie in any court against any provider of wire 20 or electronic communication service, its officers, employees, 21 agents, or other specified persons for providing information, 22 facilities, or assistance in accordance with the terms of a 23 court order, warrant, subpoena, or certification under this 24 chapter. 1 "\$ 2704. Backup preservation

 $\mathbf{2}$ "(a) BACKUP PRESERVATION.—(1) A governmental entity acting under section 2703(b)(2) may include in its 3 subpoena or court order a requirement that the service provid-4 er to whom the request is directed create a backup copy of the $\mathbf{5}$ 6 contents of the electronic communications sought in order to 7 preserve those communications. Without notifying the sub-8 scriber or customer of such subpoena or court order, such service provider shall create such backup copy as soon as 9 10 practicable consistent with its regular business practices and 11 shall confirm to the governmental entity that such backup 12 copy has been made. Such backup copy shall be created 13 within two business days after receipt by the service provider 14 of the subpoena or court order.

15 "(2) Notice to the subscriber or customer shall be made
16 by the governmental entity within three days after receipt of
17 such confirmation, unless such notice is delayed pursuant to
18 section 2705(a).

19 "(3) The service provider shall not destroy such backup
20 copy until the later of—

21 "(A) the delivery of the information; or

''(B) the resolution of any proceedings (including
appeals of any proceeding) concerning the government's
subpoena or court order.

25 "(4) The service provider shall release such backup copy
26 to the requesting governmental entity no sooner than fourteen
S 2575 RCS

days after the governmental entity's notice to the subscriber
 or customer if such service provider—

3 "(A) has not received notice from the subscriber or
4 customer that the subscriber or customer has challenged
5 the governmental entity's request; and
6 "(B) has not initiated proceedings to challenge the
7 request of the governmental entity.
8 "(5) A governmental entity may seek to require the cre-

9 ation of a backup copy under subsection (a)(1) of this section 10 if in its sole discretion such entity determines that there is 11 reason to believe that notification under section 2703 of this 12 title of the existence of the subpoena or court order may result 13 in destruction of or tampering with evidence. This determina-14 tion is not subject to challenge by the subscriber or customer 15 or service provider.

"(b) CUSTOMER CHALLENGES.—(1) Within fourteen 16 days after notice by the governmental entity to the subscriber 17or customer under subsection (a)(2) of this section, such sub-18 scriber or customer may file a motion to quash such subpoena 19 or vacate such court order, with copies served upon the gov-20ernmental entity and with written notice of such challenge to 21the service provider. A motion to vacate a court order shall be 22filed in the court which issued such order. A motion to quash 23a subpoena shall be filed in the appropriate United States 24

district court or State court. Such motion or application shall
 contain an affidavit or sworn statement—

3 "(A) stating that the applicant is a customer or
4 subscriber to the service from which the contents of
5 electronic communications maintained for him have
6 been sought; and

"(B) stating the applicant's reasons for believing
that the records sought are not relevant to a legitimate
law enforcement inquiry or that there has not been
substantial compliance with the provisions of this chapter in some other respect.

12 "(2) Service shall be made under this section upon a 13 governmental entity by delivering or mailing by registered or 14 certified mail a copy of the papers to the person, office, or 15 department specified in the notice which the customer has 16 received pursuant to this chapter. For the purposes of this 17 section, the term 'delivery' has the meaning given that term 18 in the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

19 "(3) If the court finds that the customer has complied 20 with paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection, the court shall 21 order the governmental entity to file a sworn response, which 22 may be filed in camera if the governmental entity includes in 23 its response the reasons which make in camera review appro-24 priate. If the court is unable to determine the motion or appli-25 cation on the basis of the parties' initial allegations and response, the court may conduct such additional proceedings as
 it deems appropriate. All such proceedings shall be completed
 and the motion or application decided as soon as practicable
 after the filing of the governmental entity's response.

"(4) If the court finds that the applicant is not the sub- $\mathbf{5}$ scriber or customer for whom the communications sought by 6 the governmental entity are maintained, or that there is a 7 reason to believe that the law enforcement inquiry is legiti-8 mate and that the communications sought are relevant to that 9 inquiry, it shall deny the motion or application and order 10 such process enforced. If the court finds that the applicant is 11 the subscriber or customer for whom the communications 12sought by the governmental entity are maintained, and that 13 there is not a reason to believe that the communications 14 sought are relevant to a legitimate law enforcement inquiry, 15or that there has not been substantial compliance with the 16 17 provisions of this chapter, it shall order the process quashed. "(5) A court order denying a motion or application 18 19 under this section shall not be deemed a final order and no interlocutory appeal may be taken therefrom by the customer. 20

21 *"§ 2705. Delayed notice*

22 "(a) DELAY OF NOTIFICATION.—(1) A governmental
23 entity acting under section 2703(b) of this title may—

24 "(A) where a court order is sought, include in the
25 application a request, which the court shall grant, for

1	an order delaying the notification required under sec-
2	tion 2703(b) of this title for a period not to exceed
3	ninety days, if the court determines that there is reason
4	to believe that notification of the existence of the court
5	order may have an adverse result described in para-
6	graph (2) of this subsection; or
7	"(B) where an administrative subpoena author-
8	ized by a Federal or State statute or a Federal or
9	State grand jury subpoena is obtained, delay the noti-
10	fication required under section 2703(b) of this title for
11	a period not to exceed ninety days upon the execution
12	of a written certification of a supervisory official that
13	there is reason to believe that notification of the exist-
14	ence of the subpoena may have an adverse result de-
15	scribed in paragraph (2) of this subsection.
16	''(2) An adverse result for the purposes of paragraph (1)
17	of this subsection is—
18	"(A) endangering the life or physical safety of an
19	individual;
20	"(B) flight from prosecution;
21	"(C) destruction of or tampering with evidence;
22	"(D) intimidation of potential witnesses; or
23	"(E) otherwise seriously jeopardizing an investi-
24	gation or unduly delaying a trial.

1 "(3) The governmental entity shall maintain a true 2 copy of certification under paragraph (1)(B).

3 "(4) Extensions of the delay of notification provided in 4 section 2703 of up to ninety days each may be granted by the 5 court upon application, or by certification by a governmental 6 entity, but only in accordance with subsection (b) of this 7 section.

8 "(5) Upon expiration of the period of delay of notifica-9 tion under paragraph (1) or (4) of this subsection, the govern-10 mental entity shall serve upon, or deliver by registered or 11 first-class mail to, the customer or subscriber a copy of the 12 process or request together with notice that—

13 "(A) states with reasonable specificity the nature
14 of the law enforcement inquiry; and

15 "(B) informs such customer or subscriber—

16 "(i) that information maintained for such
17 customer or subscriber by the service provider
18 named in such process or request was supplied to
19 or requested by that governmental authority and
20 the date on which the supplying or request took
21 place;

22 "(ii) that notification of such customer or
23 subscriber was delayed;

1	"(iii) what governmental entity or court
2	made the certification or determination pursuant
3	to which that delay was made; and
4	"(iv) which provision of this chapter allowed
5	such delay.
6	"(6) As used in this subsection, the term 'supervi-
7	sory official' means the investigative agent in charge or
8	assistant investigative agent in charge or an equivalent
9	of an investigating agency's headquarters or regional
10	office, or the chief prosecuting attorney or the first as-
11	sistant prosecuting attorney or an equivalent of a pros-
12	ecuting attorney's headquarters or regional office.
13	"(b) Preclusion of Notice to Subject of Gov-
14	ERNMENTAL ACCESS.—A governmental entity acting under
15	section 2703, when it is not required to notify the subscriber
16	or customer under section 2703(b)(1), or to the extent that it
17	may delay such notice pursuant to subsection (a) of this sec-
18	tion, may apply to a court for an order commanding a pro-
19	vider of electronic communications service or remote comput-
20	ing service to whom a warrant, subpoena, or court order is
21	directed, for such period as the court deems appropriate, not
22	to notify any other person of the existence of the warrant,
23	subpoena, or court order. The court shall enter such an order
24	if it determines that there is reason to believe that notification

S 2575 RCS-7

of the existence of the warrant, subpoend, or court order will
 result in—

3 "(1) endangering the life or physical safety of an
4 individual:

5 "(2) flight from prosecution;

6 "(3 destruction of or tampering with evidence;

7 "(4) intimidation of potential witnesses; or

8 "(5) otherwise seriously jeopardizing an investiga-

9 tion or unduly delaying a trial.

10 "\$ 2706. Cost reimbursement

"(a) PAYMENT.—Except as otherwise provided in sub-11 12 section (c), a governmental entity obtaining the contents of communications, records, or other information under section 132702, 2703, or 2704 of this title shall pay to the person or 14 15 entity assembling or providing such information a fee for reimbursement for such costs as are reasonably necessary and 1617 which have been directly incurred in searching for, assembling, reproducing, or otherwise providing such information. 18 19 Such reimbursable costs shall include any costs due to necessary disruption of normal operations of any electronic com-2021 munication service or remote computing service in which 22such information may be stored.

23 "(b) AMOUNT.—The amount of the fee provided by sub24 section (a) shall be as mutually agreed by the governmental
25 entity and the person or entity providing the information, or,

1 in the absence of agreement, shall be as determined by the
2 court which issued the order for production of such informa3 tion (or the court before which a criminal prosecution relating
4 to such information would be brought, if no court order was
5 issued for production of the information).

"(c) The requirement of subsection (a) of this section 6 does not apply with respect to records or other information 7 maintained by a communications common carrier that relate 8 to telephone toll records and telephone listings obtained under 9 10 section 2703 of this title. The court may, however, order a payment as described in subsection (a) if the court deter-11 mines the information required is unusually voluminous in 12 nature or otherwise caused an undue burden on the provider. 13

14 "\$ 2707. Civil action

"(a) CAUSE OF ACTION.—Except as provided in sec-15 tion 2703(e), any provider of electronic communication serv-16 ice, subscriber, or customer aggrieved by any violation of this 17 chapter in which the conduct constituting the violation is en-18 19 gaged in with a knowing or intentional state of mind may, in 20 a civil action, recover from the person or entity which engaged in that violation such relief as may be appropriate. 21 "(b) RELIEF.—In a civil action under this section, ap-22propriate relief includes-23

24 "(1) such preliminary and other equitable or de25 claratory relief as may be appropriate;

	100
1	"(2) damages under subsection (c); and
2	"(3) a reasonable attorney's fee and other litiga-
3	tion costs reasonably incurred.
4	"(c) DAMAGES.—The court may assess as damages in
5	a civil action under this section the sum of the actual dam-
6	ages suffered by the plaintiff and any profits made by the
7	violator as a result of the violation, but in no case shall a
8	person entitled to recover receive less than the sum of \$1,000.
9	"(d) DEFENSE.—A good faith reliance on—
10	"(1) a court warrant or order, a grand jury sub-
11	poena, a legislative authorization, or a statutory
12	authorization;
13	"(2) a request of an investigative or law enforce-
14	ment officer under section 2518(7) of this title; or
15	"(3) a good faith determination that section
16	2511(3) of this title permitted the conduct complained
17	of;
18	is a complete defense to any civil or criminal action brought
19	under this chapter or any other law.
20	"(e) LIMITATION.—A civil action under this section
21	may not be commenced later than two years after the date
22	upon which the claimant first discovered or had a reasonable

23 opportunity to discover the violation.

1 "\$ 2708. Exclusivity of remedies

2 "The remedies and sanctions described in this chapter
3 are the only judicial remedies and sanctions for nonconstitu4 tional violations of this chapter.

5 *"\$ 2709. Counterintelligence access to telephone toll and transactional records*

"(a) DUTY TO PROVIDE.—A wire or electronic communication service provider shall comply with a request for subscriber information and toll billing records information, or
electronic communication transactional records in its custody
or possession made by the Director of the Federal Bureau of
Investigation under subsection (b) of this section.

13 "(b) REQUIRED CERTIFICATION.—The Director of the 14 Federal Bureau of Investigation (or an individual within the 15 Federal Bureau of Investigation designated for this purpose 16 by the Director) may request any such information and 17 records if the Director (or the Director's designee) certifies in 18 writing to the wire or electronic communication service pro-19 vider to which the request is made that—

20 "(1) the information sought is relevant to an au21 thorized foreign counterintelligence investigation; and

22 "(2) there are specific and articulable facts giving 23 reason to believe that the person or entity to whom the 24 information sought pertains is a foreign power or an 25 agent of a foreign power as defined in section 101 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
 U.S.C. 1801).

3 "(c) PROHIBITION OF CERTAIN DISCLOSURE.—No 4 wire or electronic communication service provider, or officer, 5 employee, or agent thereof, shall disclose to any person that 6 the Federal Bureau of Investigation has sought or obtained 7 access to information or records under this section.

8 "(d) DISSEMINATION BY BUREAU.—The Federal 9 Bureau of Investigation may disseminate information and 10 records obtained under this section only as provided in guide-11 lines approved by the Attorney General for foreign intelli-12 gence collection and foreign counterintelligence investigations 13 conducted by the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and, with 14 respect to dissemination to an agency of the United States, 15 only if such information is clearly relevant to the authorized 16 responsibilities of such agency.

17 "(e) REQUIREMENT THAT CERTAIN CONGRESSIONAL
18 BODIES BE INFORMED.—On a semiannual basis the Direc19 tor of the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall fully inform
20 the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House
21 of Representatives and the Select Committee on Intelligence
22 of the Senate concerning all requests made under subsection
23 (b) of this section.

24 "S 2710. Definitions for chapter

25 "As used in this chapter—

1	"(1) the terms defined in section 2510 of this title
2	have, respectively, the definitions given such terms in
3	that section; and
4	"(2) the term 'remote computing service' means
5	the provision to the public of computer storage or proc-
6	essing services by means of an electronic communica-
7	tions system.".
8	(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of chapters at
9	the beginning of part I of title 18, United States Code, is
10	amended by adding at the end the following:
	"121. Stored Wire and Electronic Communications and Transac-

"121. Stored Wire and Electronic Communications and Transac-

11 SEC. 202. EFFECTIVE DATE.

12 This title and the amendments made by this title shall take effect ninety days after the date of the enactment of this 13 Act and shall, in the case of conduct pursuant to a court 14 order or extension, apply only with respect to court orders or 15extensions made after this title takes effect. 16

TITLE III-PEN REGISTERS AND TRAP AND 17

- TRACE DEVICES 18
- SEC. 301. TITLE 18 AMENDMENT. 19

(a) IN GENERAL.—Title 18 of the United States Code 20is amended by inserting after chapter 205 the following new 21 chapter: 22

"CHAPTER 206—PEN REGISTERS AND TRAP AND

TRACE DEVICES

"Sec.

1

 $\mathbf{2}$

"3121. General prohibition on pen register and trap and trace device use; exception.

"3122. Application for an order for a pen register or a trap and trace device.

"3123. Issuance of an order for a pen register or a trap or trace device.

"3124. Assistance in installation and use of a pen register or a trap and trace device.

"3125. Reports concerning pen registers and trap and trace devices. "3126. Definitions for chapter.

3 "\$ 3121. General prohibition on pen register and trap and
 4 trace device use; exception

5 "(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in this section, 6 no person may install or use a pen register or a trap and 7 trace device without first obtaining a court order under sec-8 tion 3123 of this title or under the Foreign Intelligence Sur-9 veillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.).

10 "(b) EXCEPTION.—The prohibition of subsection (a) 11 does not apply with respect to the use of a pen register or a 12 trap and trace device by a provider of electronic or wire com-13 munication service—

14 "(1) relating to the operation, maintenance, and 15 testing of a wire or electronic communication service or 16 to the protection of the rights or property of such pro-17 vider, or to the protection of users of that service from 18 abuse of service or unlawful use of service; or

19 "(2) to record the fact that a wire or electronic
 20 communication was initiated or completed in order to
 21 protect such provider, another provider furnishing serv-

ice toward the completion of the wire communication,
 or a user of that service, from fraudulent, unlawful or
 abusive use of service, or with the consent of the user
 of that service.

5 "(c) PENALTY.—Whoever knowingly violates subsec6 tion (a) shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more
7 than one year, or both.

8 "\$ 3122. Application for an order for a pen register or a trap 9 and trace device

"(a) APPLICATION.—(1) An attorney for the Govern-10 ment may make application for an order or an extension of 11 an order under section 3123 of this title authorizing or ap-1213 proving the installation and use of a pen register or a trap 14 and trace device under this chapter, in writing under oath or equivalent affirmation, to a court of competent jurisdiction. 15"(2) Unless prohibited by State law, a State investiga-16tive or law enforcement officer may make application for an 17 order or an extension of an order under section 3123 of this 18 title authorizing or approving the installation and use of a 19 pen register or a trap and trace device under this chapter, in 20writing under oath or equivalent affirmation, to a court of 21competent jurisdiction of such State. 22

23 "(b) CONTENTS OF APPLICATION.—An application
24 under subsection (a) of this section shall include—

	100
1	"(1) the identity of the attorney for the Govern-
2	ment or the State law enforcement or investigative offi-
3	cer making the application and the identity of the law
4	enforcement agency conducting the investigation; and
5	"(2) a certification by the applicant that the infor-
6	mation likely to be obtained is relevant to an ongoing
7	criminal investigation being conducted by that agency.
8	"\$ 3123. Issuance of an order for a pen register or a trap
9	and trace device
10	"(a) IN GENERAL.—Upon an application made under
11	section 3122 of this title, the court shall enter an ex parte
12	order authorizing the installation and use of a pen register or
13	a trap and trace device within the jurisdiction of the court if
14	the court finds that the attorney for the Government or the
15	State law enforcement or investigative officer has certified to
16	the court that the information likely to be obtained by such
17	installation and use is relevant to an ongoing criminal
18	investigation.
19	"(b) CONTENTS OF ORDER.—An order issued under
20	this section—
21	"(1) shall specify—
22	"(A) the identity, if known, of the person to
23	whom is leased or in whose name is listed the
24	telephone line to which the pen register or trap
25	and trace device is to be attached;

1	"(B) the identity, if known, of the person
2	who is the subject of the criminal investigation;
3	"(C) the number and, if known, physical lo-
4	cation of the telephone line to which the pen regis-
5	ter or trap and trace device is to be attached and,
6	in the case of a trap and trace device, the geo-
7	graphic limits of the trap and trace order; and
8	"(D) a statement of the offense to which the
9	information likely to be obtained by the pen regis-
10	ter or trap and trace device relates; and
11	"(2) shall direct, upon the request of the appli-
12	cant, the furnishing of information, facilities, and tech-
13	nical assistance necessary to accomplish the installa-
14	tion of the pen register or trap and trace device under
15	section 3124 of this title.
16	"(c) TIME PERIOD AND EXTENSIONS.—(1) An order
17	issued under this section shall authorize the installation and
18	use of a pen register or a trap and trace device for a period
19	not to exceed sixty days.
20	"(2) Extensions of such an order may be granted, but
21	only upon an application for an order under section 3122 of
22	this title and upon the judicial finding required by subsection
23	(a) of this section. The period of extension shall be for a
24	period not to exceed sixty days.

"(d) NONDISCLOSURE OF EXISTENCE OF PEN REG ISTER OR A TRAP AND TRACE DEVICE.—An order author izing or approving the installation and use of a pen register
 or a trap and trace device shall direct that—

5 "(1) the order be sealed until otherwise ordered by
6 the court; and

"(2) the person owning or leasing the line to 7 which the pen register or a trap and trace device is at-8 tached, or who has been ordered by the court to provide 9 assistance to the applicant, not disclose the existence of 10 the pen register or trap and trace device or the exist-11 12 ence of the investigation to the listed subscriber, or to any other person, unless or until otherwise ordered by 13 the court. 14

15 "\$ 3124. Assistance in installation and use of a pen register or a trap and trace device

17 "(a) PEN REGISTERS.—Upon the request of an attor-18 ney for the Government or an officer of a law enforcement 19 agency authorized to install and use a pen register under this 20 chapter, a provider of wire or electronic communication serv-21 ice, landlord, custodian, or other person shall furnish such 22 investigative or law enforcement officer forthwith all informa-23 tion, facilities, and technical assistance necessary to accom-24 plish the installation of the pen register unobtrusively and 25 with a minimum of interference with the services that the person so ordered by the court accords the party with respect
 to whom the installation and use is to take place, if such
 assistance is directed by a court order as provided in section
 3123(b)(2) of this title.

"(b) TRAP AND TRACE DEVICE.—Upon the request of 5 6 an attorney for the Government or an officer of a law enforcement agency authorized to receive the results of a trap 7 8 and trace device under this chapter, a provider of a wire or electronic communication service, landlord, custodian, or 9 other person shall install such device forthwith on the appro-10 11 priate line and shall furnish such investigative or law en-12 forcement officer all additional information, facilities and 13 technical assistance including installation and operation of 14 the device unobtrusively and with a minimum of interference 15 with the services that the person so ordered by the court ac-16 cords the party with respect to whom the installation and use 17 is to take place, if such installation and assistance is directed 18 by a court order as provided in section 3123(b)(2) of this 19 title. Unless otherwise ordered by the court, the results of the 20 trap and trace device shall be furnished to the officer of a law enforcement agency, designated in the court, at reasonable 21intervals during regular business hours for the duration of 22the order. 23

24 "(c) COMPENSATION.—A provider of a wire or elec-25 tronic communication service, landlord, custodian, or other person who furnishes facilities or technical assistance pursu ant to this section shall be reasonably compensated for such
 reasonable expenses incurred in providing such facilities and
 assistance.

5 "(d) NO CAUSE OF ACTION AGAINST A PROVIDER DIS-6 CLOSING INFORMATION UNDER THIS CHAPTER.—No cause 7 of action shall lie in any court against any provider of a wire 8 or electronic communication service, its officers, employees, 9 agents, or other specified persons for providing information, 10 facilities, or assistance in accordance with the terms of a 11 court order under this chapter.

12 "(e) DEFENSE.—A good faith reliance on a court order,
13 a legislative authorization, or a statutory authorization is a
14 complete defense against any civil or criminal action brought
15 under this chapter or any other law.

16 "\$ 3125. Reports concerning pen registers and trap and trace
 17 devices

18 "The Attorney General shall annually report to Con-19 gress on the number of pen register orders and orders for trap 20 and trace devices applied for by law enforcement agencies of 21 the Department of Justice.

22 "§ 3126. Definitions for chapter

23 "As used in this chapter—

24 "(1) the terms 'wire communication', 'electronic
25 communication', and 'electronic communication service'

	111
1	have the meanings set forth for such terms in section
2	2510 of this title;
3	"(2) the term 'court of competent jurisdiction'
4	means
5	"(A) a district court of the United States
6	(including a magistrate of such a court) or a
7	United States Court of Appeals; or
8	"(B) a court of general criminal jurisdiction
9	of a State authorized by the law of that State to
10	enter orders authorizing the use of a pen register
11	or a trap and trace device;
12	"(3) the term 'pen register' means a device which
13	records or decodes electronic or other impulses which
14	identify the numbers dialed or otherwise transmitted on
15	the telephone line to which such device is attached, but
16	such term does not include any device used by a pro-
17	vider or customer of a wire or electronic communica-
18	tion service for billing, or recording as an incident to
19	billing, for communications services provided by such
20	provider or any device used by a provider or customer
21	of a wire communication service for cost accountiny or
22	other like purposes in the ordinary course of $$ its
23	business;
24	"(4) the term 'trap and trace device' means a

25 device which captures the incoming electronic or other

1 impulses which identify the originating number of an $\mathbf{2}$ instrument or device from which a wire or electronic 3 communication was transmitted; "(5) the term 'attorney for the Government' has 4 5the meaning given such term for the purposes of the 6 Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure; and 7 "(6) the term 'State' means a State, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and any other possession or 8 territory of the United States.". 9 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of chapters for 10 11 part II of title 18 of the United States Code is amended by 12 inserting after the item relating to chapter 205 the following 13 new item: 14 SEC. 302. EFFECTIVE DATE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection
(b), this title and the amendments made by this title shall
take effect ninety days after the date of the enactment of this
Act and shall, in the case of conduct pursuant to a court
order or extension, apply only with respect to court orders or
extensions made after this title takes effect.

(b) SPECIAL RULE FOR STATE AUTHORIZATIONS OF
INTERCEPTIONS.—Any pen register or trap and trace device
order or installation which would be valid and lawful without
regard to the amendments made by this title shall be valid
and lawful notwithstanding such amendments if such order

•S 2575 RCS

1	or installation occurs during the period beginning on the date
2	such amendments take effect and ending on the earlier of-
3	(1) the day before the date of the taking effect of
4	changes in State law required in order to make orders
5	or installations under Federal law as amended by this
6	title; or
7	(2) the date two years after the date of the enact-
8	ment of this Act.
9	SEC. 303. INTERFERENCE WITH THE OPERATION OF A SATEL-
10	LITE.
11	(a) OFFENSE.—Chapter 65 of title 18, United States
12	Code, is amended by inserting at the end the following:
13	"§ 1367. Interference with the operation of a satellite
14	"(a) Whoever, without the authority of the satellite oper-
15	ator, intentionally or maliciously interferes with the author-
16	ized operation of a communications or weather satellite or
17	obstructs or hinders any satellite transmission shall be fined
18	in accordance with this title or imprisoned not more than ten
19	years or both.
20	"(b) This section does not prohibit any lawfully author-
21	ized investigative, protective, or intelligence activity of a law
22	enforcement agency or of an intelligence agency of the United
23	States."

113

1 (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The table of sections

- 2 for chapter 65 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by
- 3 adding at the end the following new item:

"1367. Interference with the operation of a satellite.".